

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow: Fair.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1906

NUMBER 149

Getting Ready for Fall

We wish to announce to the trade that we are daily receiving all that is new in the coming season's styles in Dress Goods and the Dry Goods line generally. In fact we will be better prepared to attend to your wants in the line of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Etc. this season than ever before.

We Invite You to Our Store

We ask that you take a few minutes off while in town and look through our immense stock. You will be better prepared to trade then as you will have had a chance to inspect one of the largest Dry Goods stocks in the new state of Oklahoma.

Remember the Big Cash Store will make your money go farther

SCOTT-HOARD CO.**"COTTON PICKERS" TO BE COLONIZED IN NEW STATE**

With the Republicans of Blaine and Logan counties sending delegates to the Southern states to solicit negroes to come to Oklahoma, it gives the lie to the papers that have declared there is no danger from the negro in Oklahoma. The Republicans are trying to allay the fears of the people on the negro question while they are bending their efforts to do the very thing they say cannot be done.

While pretending they are seeking cotton pickers, delegations from the above named counties into the Southern states to induce negroes to come here at once. In Logan county the negro who will come in is guaranteed a place to live upon, which will be rented to him another year. The aim is to colonize the negro in Oklahoma. In Blaine county, two negroes, Green, of Lincoln township, and Burd, of Omega, Cedar Valley township, are going to Memphis, Tennessee, to bring back all the negroes they can induce to come.

Tom Ferguson, of Watonga, Blaine county, is the candidate for congress in the Second district. Colonizing the negro in Oklahoma is one of the favorite pastimes of the Republican candidate and ex-governor. He holds that the negro is on the same level with the white man, and in his home county he does more for the negro than for the whites. That he desires to strengthen the power of his machine with the negro vote, there is no doubt in the minds of those who know him well.

The carpetbaggers and corporations that dominate the party machinery at Guthrie are the same that have boosted the negro into office there, and it is this class that is willing to blacken the name of a political party, as well as ride over the white people, by shipping in ignorant negroes to vote in the constitutional convention election under the scheme that is provided by the discrediting board.

The whole plan is a deep laid plot on the part of the fellows who have held offices for years in the territories and who are determined to perpetuate their rule by any means. The throwing aside of those provisions of the election laws that guarantee honest elections, the sending of emissaries into the black belts to solicit negroes who can, under the construction of the laws by the election board, vote at the coming election, all prove the charges made against the corporations and carpet-

EVANGELIST TRIMBLE SPEAKS ON THE SUBJECT "HOPE"

Evangelist Trimble's subject at the Christian church Wednesday night was "Hope." He handled the subject in a masterly manner and those who heard him were made better by it. He said:

"Hope enters into our salvation, and becomes an element of it. We want the word of God as the foundation for our hope. We want His written promises. Is God's written word of any less value than His spoken word would be? Are our verbal promises more valuable than our written promises? God could have said to you in his audible voice, that your sins have been pardoned, but would that be better evidence than his written word?

"When God used his voice and spoke in audible language, there were some present who said it thundered.

"My friends our feelings are not always incontestable evidence of pardon. The only incontestable evidence of pardon is the word of the pardoning power. God has not commanded us to feel, and if he had we could not obey the command. But God, wanting us to feel has told us what to do. God has announced the conditions of pardon

and to these conditions are connected promises, and when we comply with conditions, the promises are ours.

"I do not undervalue emotions in religion, but I want you to have a more secure foundation for your hope. I want you to be able to say 'hereto we know that we know him' for we 'keep his commandments.' Let us do what God says in this life that hearts may overflow with hope. When we enter a forest at nightfall there is nothing there that delights us. We see strange objects dimly though the distance. The wind sweeps through the overhanging branches like the wail of woe and we long to escape from the dreadful place. But the moon arises in her queenly splendor and sheds her mild radiance over the scene. That scene so desolate, now as if by enchantment, becomes a scene of surpassing magnificence. The wind's sad sigh becomes a lofty hymn. The dew drops now sparkle like diamonds set in emeralds. And so it is when we have the assurance that comes from obedience. 'If ye do these things ye shall never fail.'

BRYAN BEGINS TOUR OF NEW STATE SEPT. 26

William Jennings Bryan will spend three nights and two days in Indian Territory and Oklahoma, beginning Wednesday night, September 26.

An itinerary is now being arranged, which will include stops at many of the important cities and towns in the new state.

To a representative of the Oklahoma Democratic campaign committee, who conferred with Mr. Bryan in St. Louis Tuesday, the distinguished statesman said:

"It matters not where they send me, or how much work I am asked to do. I have long wanted to come to Oklahoma and assist in the campaign.

"Even before the committee waited on me at New York upon my arrival home from abroad, I had hoped to find a way to come to Oklahoma before the fall election.

"All I shall expect of you Oklahomans is that you get me in Kansas City by 6 o'clock on the evening of September 29. I am going to open the Missouri campaign at Kansas City on that date, but will stay with you as long as I can safely do so and keep my Kansas City appointment."

School Enrollment.

President Broadfoot of the school-board stated to the News reporter that the present enrollment was 280 for the north school and 390 for the south school. Within a few days there will be a considerable increase in attendance.

Prayermeeting at the Baptist Church.

Failing for want of lights to hold prayermeeting at the Baptist church last night there will be services there tonight and a good attendance is desired.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126-tf

Ladies' skirts and jackets cleaned, dyed and pressed at K. C. tailor shop. 136-tf

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104-tf

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95-tf

THE LANES BOUND OVER TO THE U. S. COURT

The preliminary trial of Robert Lane and wife, charged with conspiracy to commit murder, was concluded in United States Commissioner Winn's court Wednesday evening.

At its conclusion Judge Winn placed Mrs. Lane under \$500 bonds and Lane under \$3000 bonds for their appearance at the October term of court. Mrs. Lane was able to give bond, but up to a late hour her husband was not so fortunate and will be taken to Ardmore

tonight if the bond is not forthcoming.

At the hearing it was observed that Lane was very much affected. He broke completely down and continually sobbed, while the young wife and mother scarcely showed a trace of feeling for the infant lying contentedly nursing a bottle in a stranger's arms. She seemed utterly devoid of a mother's feelings, which probably can be accounted for by her simplicity and tender years.

BRYAN RECEIVES GREAT OVATION IN OLD KENTUCKY

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13.—The hospitality for which Kentucky is famous was very much in evidence at the reception of William Jennings Bryan Wednesday, a reception in which the entire South participated.

Special trains brought thousands of people to the city, and the crowds equalled even those of the homecoming week.

The committee which met Mr. Bryan was composed of the leading statesmen of the South, nearly all the governors

of Southern States participating in the welcome.

In his speech here Bryan sounded the keynote of the Democratic campaign in the South. Colonel Henry Watterson, editor of the Courier-Journal presided at the meeting and introduced Mr. Bryan in a brief speech.

The Nebraska statesman is in Cincinnati, where he is being given a rousing today greeting by the Ohio Democrats.

K. C.—Keep clean. 136-tf

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p.m., 87 degrees.

Ramsey's Drug Store

For School Supplies, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Syringes, Water Bottles, Ice Caps, Rubber Gloves, Pocket Books, Purses, Paints and Oils, Gloss, Putty, Agents for Eureka Springs Water, Eastman's Kodaks and Kodak Supplies. Phonographs and Gold Moulded Records.

G. M. Ramsey, Druggist

(Successor to Clark Drng Co.)

PAUL W. ALLEN,**Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.**

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

A Full Line of**May Manton Bazar PATTERNS**

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison**Patronize Home Industry**

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some rare bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors : : : : :

Weaver Building. 12th and Broadway.

THE O. B. WEAVER FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

Invites a share of your Insurance patronage. It represents the strongest company in the world, and the many others represented are just as good. These companies all made a leading showing in the prompt payment of their Frisco losses. Correct rates assured.

R. O. WHEELER, MANAGER

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 28, 1884, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1883.

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) ROBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

Subject to the action of the Democratic district primary.

For Delegate to the Constitutional Convention
J. R. LAWRENCE
CARLTON WEAVER

CAMPBELL ATTACKS NEWSPAPERS

Last Saturday, Sept. 8th, the Democratic constitutional delegate campaign was opened before the Democratic club at Midland. The three candidates, J. R. Lawrence, W. H. L. Campbell and Carlton Weaver were present and made speeches.

W. H. L. Campbell, the News is informed, notified the Midland Democrats that they would not see the formal announcement of his candidacy in any of the newspapers of the district, the reason for which, Campbell stated, was that the newspapers had formed a trust to "hold up" candidates, and that it would cost him \$65 to announce for the office of delegate. Mr. Campbell Democratically declared that he was against the trusts, but he went further and gave notice that he was going to start the campaign right by going after the newspaper trust. When he had concluded his attack on the newspapers, Carlton Weaver, one of the candidates for the Democratic nomination, in substance replied that he desired in behalf of the press of the delegate district to state that Mr. Campbell's accusation was absolutely false and without foundation in fact.

Now the Ada News is very adverse to making an attack through its columns on Judge Campbell, nor would we sanction the harsh language used by Carlton Weaver in his emphatic denial made in behalf of the district press. Naturally the News is a little partial in this delegate contest, for which the public will not find fault, but we only have approval for a straight, fair campaign where merit based on the respective candidate's records and qualifications will win.

But aside from any consideration of favor of one candidate over another the News, as a member of the press of this delegate district, has been greatly slandered and deserves to emphatically tell what it thinks of Campbell's stand against the press of the district. There has never been, in any manner, the least understanding among the editors or publishers of this delegate district as to announcement charges. It may be that no paper in the district to this time has made the same charges for announcements. On the other hand, the News is reliably informed that one paper in the district has charged five dollars, another ten dollars, another eight dollars and still another has offered to announce a candidate from another town for nothing.

Not a paper in the district would think for a moment of demanding that a candidate announce in all the papers before accepting, in its own behalf, an announcement. This is true, and he who says other states false. Therefore, the only question is whether it is right to charge candidates at all for announcements for office. The News will state its own case to the public and feels sure the same will hold good as to the other papers. If the three candidates for delegate should announce through the Daily and Weekly News, the total sum secured would be \$36. Even if all the candidates for county offices should announce through the paper, the total sum realized would not reasonably reach above \$300. One may ask how it is that you deservedly earn so much money? In the first place, it is legitimate earning if one gets value returned by getting his candidacy and platform before the people from whom he is asking support. In the second place, every true Democrat is always glad to pay for a medium through which he can straightforwardly tell the people for what he stands and how he

will protect their interests in the event they will elect him. When he does not do so, he insults the people and plainly appears to be trying to fool them. Unless the News is badly mistaken, the people of this delegate district want the candidates to write down in "black and white," over his name, and give it to the world, just what he believes and will advocate. No candidate has the right to tell the people in one community one thing and in another something else, and in town whisper something radically different; and, if elected, when he returns from the convention whine to his constituency that he was misunderstood—that they really had forgotten.

The principal and all sufficient reason why a candidate should pay a newspaper for announcement of candidacy is—the Democratic press is required to fight its party's battles and it must be through its intelligent treatment of the issues before the people that political success is attained. Why should not the man who gets the office, being he who gets both the honor and the money, help support the press, which has brought success to his party. One might inquire why the democratic press would not be satisfied without money to support the best political principles? It would, but our Democratic friends should remember that it costs a paper several hundred additional dollars to weather a campaign. One must buy more telegraphic news, cartoon service is required to be installed, more news matter must be printed and the issues properly before the people must be determined in their relative importance and discussed by the press that the intelligent reading public may arrive at the truth.

The News regrets that in fairness it could not meet Mr. Campbell's request and take his announcement at five cents per line. Twenty-five cents is too cheap for a paper to announce a candidate for delegate to the constitutional convention.

TOLD BY BAKERY WINDOWS

When They Contain But Little Show
It Is an Indication of Good
Business.

"He runs a bakery, I know that," said the broker's clerk, "but I don't know what kind of a trade he has."

"How do his bakeshop windows look?" asked the broker.

"Bare as a picked bone," said the clerk. "There isn't a thing in them except frilled paper, a couple of rolls tied up with red ribbon and a plate of cakes no thicker than a dime."

"Then the fellow is gilt-edged," said the broker. "He has first-class customers. Just show me a baker's windows and I can tell you nine times out of ten the quality of his trade. If they present the appearance of having been struck by famine, he caters to rich folks—supplies them with ladyfingers and dainty wafers thin enough to see through. His customers don't need anything more substantial. Never afraid to make a deal with a baker who has starved looking windows; he's making money hand over fist."

The fellow who makes a display of whole pies and cakes and real loaves of bread is not so well to do. His customers are second and third class. They like to eat and don't care who knows it, and the baker finds it to his advantage to advertise his wares. But it is the baker who caters to the common people who knows how to get up a window that makes your mouth water. The pies he makes are as big as cart wheels, his cakes are seven layers thick, his slabs of apple roll are coated with every known kind of spice and his sinkers are stuffed with real jelly."

Bond Election.

[Notice of Special Election.]

Notice is hereby given that a Special Election will be held by the voters of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, who are qualified electors owning real or personal property subject to taxation in the said City of Ada, Indian Territory, has been called by the mayor and city council of Ada, Indian Territory, and will be held at the mayor's office in Ward No. 1, and at John Beard's building on Broadway in Ward No. 2, and at the United States commissioner's office in Ward No. 3, and at the John Barringer building on Townsend avenue between Main and Twelfth street in Ward No. 4, of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and sunset of same day, as follows:

To vote on the proposition of issuing

Forty Thousand Dollars in bonds of

the said City of Ada, Indian Territory;

the terms and conditions of the bond issue

is more particularly described and set

forth in the resolution of the city council of the City of Ada, Indian Territory,

passed on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1906, and herewith published at length as a part of this notice:

RESOLUTION. Concerning the issuing

of bonds of the city of Ada, Indian

territory. Good cause appearing it is

deemed advisable by the Mayor and

Council of the city of Ada, Indian

Territory, to issue bonds for the

following purpose, to-wit:

For the construction of additional

waterworks and, whereas under the

provisions of Section 55 of Supplemental

Agreement between the Choctaw and

Chickasaw Nation and United

States (32 Stat. 641); putting in force

the "Laws in force in the organized

Territories of the United States"

(30 Stat. 252) and under the limitations

of the General Bond Act approved May

19, 1902, (32 Stat. 200), the Mayor and

City Council of said city are required

first to submit the question of the issuance

of said bonds to the qualified

electors of said city who are owners of

real estate or personal property, in said

city, subject to taxation, to be by them

voted upon.

If I should be elected to the Constitutional Convention, I would advocate a provision levying a one per centum tax on all corporation earnings. Corporations are the creatures of the state and their charters should include a tax provision.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS.

I would advocate that it be made an offense punishable by imprisonment

for a corporation to contribute to a campaign fund, also a provision demanding publicity of campaign contributions.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

I would favor and advocate a state agricultural department. Well equipped agricultural schools and experimental stations should be maintained by the state. Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, Kansas and Texas have made farming doubly profitable by maintaining state agricultural departments. Better farming methods are discovered and taught, and a subsequent increase in returns from the soil results.

CARLTON WEAVER.

I would advocate that it be made an offense punishable by imprisonment

for a corporation to contribute to a campaign fund, also a provision demanding publicity of campaign contributions.

NEW JERSEY 'RICKISHAS.'

Vehicle of Yankee Make Has Invaded

the Orient with Good

Results.

That characteristic vehicle of the

orient, the jinrikisha, is drawn by a

yellow coolie in Japan, a brown Hindi

in India, a black Zulu in South Africa;

but look between the shafts of the 'rikisha'

in any of these countries, and you will probably find the same name

plate—that of a vehicle manufacture;

New Jersey. The Yankee Jinrikisha

has invaded the east, and its invader

promises to result in a permanent occu-

pation of countries where cheap la-

bor would seem to forbid sales of

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LOCAL NEWS

G. W. Cox is reported ill.
Mrs. G. F. Johnson is sick.
Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz.
Phone 70. 133-tf
Attorney Cart returned to Stonewall today.
The little child of Nip Curry and wife is quite sick.
American Beauty corsets. All the latest styles \$1. to \$3.50.
148-2t Cox-Greer Dry Goods Co.
Miss Fannie Cook went to Dustin, I. T., on a visit.
Mrs. A. M. McCoy is reported some better today.
Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only. 133-tf
Mrs. C. M. Chauncey is reported not so well today.
Mrs. Lula Shields and son of Roff were in the city today.
Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 0. 133-tf
A. J. McLaughlin was here from Oklahoma City today.
Mr. Tucker, of Ardmore, was transacting business in our city today.
Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf
Sam Baily, of Wewoka, formerly a resident of Ada is in the city.
Little Sudie Moss, daughter of Sol Moss and wife is quite sick with fever.
Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf
W. R. Patterson, of Memphis, Tenn., was a business visitor in our city today.
If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf
Messers Stanfield, Swaffar and Pete Rollow went to Stonewall today on business.

W. W. Brown, route agent of the Wells-Fargo Express Co., spent the night in Ada.

FOR RENT:—Two furnished bed-rooms, centrally located. Mrs. C. W. Barnett. 147-2t

W. T. Stover, of Allen, formerly of Ada, brought his son to town for medical treatment.

Geo. Thompson and wife of South Ada, left this morning for a visit to Sherman, Texas.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs.—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Mrs. A. H. Chapman and both children are reported ill. One of the children has pneumonia.

Mrs. McClure, of Pauls Valley, is quite sick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Gardner, in North Ada.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

Sid Tolbert went to Roff Wednesday evening to attend a Democratic rally. He reports a fine meeting.

Mrs. Robert Gunter came in from Holdenville this morning to visit with R. O. Lawrence and family.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf.

The members of the XXth Century club are requested to meet at the office of E. W. Hardin Saturday afternoon at the hour of 4 o'clock for the purpose of holding a business session.

Mrs. Tom Hope, President.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children . . .

CHAPMAN The Shoe Man.

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?
Assuming a Change, What Name do You Prefer?

[Signature]

[Street Address]

Change of Name Contest.

Following is the total of votes cast on changing the name of Ada:
For Change of Name 64
Against Change of Name 78
VOTE FOR NEW NAMES.
Frisco City 29
Winona 17
Portland 3
Grenada 7
Ocoba 1
Carlton 1
Chickma 1
Hamilton 1
Montolive 1
Laurada 1
W. L. Byrd, W. W. Rader, A. M. Croxton, judges.

Mesdames Cloyd and Dunstan will open up a first class Dress Making parlor in the room formerly occupied by the Telephone Co., over the First National Bank, about September 20th.

Mrs. Sloan has returned from a visit with her daughter at Francis, and left for her home at Center this morning.

Cupid flour, best on earth! Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

W. L. Coleman, traveling freight agent of the Frisco, left this morning after a short business visit in our city.

We sell a complete line of "Skinner Satins" quality unquestioned and the range of colors beautiful. 148-2t

Patterson, traveling auditor of the Frisco, was transacting business in the city Wednesday, leaving this morning.

W. T. Cox received a letter from his wife saying she arrived at her brother's much stronger and better than she expected to.

Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods. 133-tf

J. H. Shell and wife, who have been prospecting in our city a few days, left this morning for their home at McKinney, Texas.

L. E. Martells came in from Luxora, Ark., to make his home with Mr. Duffal. Mr. Martells raised Mr. Duffal from a boy to manhood.

Better have that overcoat cleaned at the K. C. tailor shop. 136-tf

Mrs. M. O. Klemurry, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Kroth, and family for some time, left this morning for her home at Weleetka.

Mr. Milton and wife, also Mrs. Milton's mother, Mrs. Higeton, came in from Sulphur this morning on their way to Konawa.

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No. 17. Walsh. 95-tf

Gardner Green and family came in this morning from Northern Arkansas, and will make Ada their home. Mr. Green is a brother-in-law of M. L. Saylor.

Mrs. Chas. Chestnut, of Sherman, Texas, is visiting friends in Ada. Mr. Chestnut will be remembered as section man of the Frisco for a number of years.

The very latest styles are produced in the "American Beauty" corsets. Let us show you. Cox-Greer Dry Goods Co. 148-2t

Dr. Martin went to the country Tuesday afternoon to see a patient, the heavy rain came and he was not able to get home until today on account of high waters.

FOR SALE—Farm 5 miles north of Ada. Will sell on reasonable terms with a small amount down. W. J. Reed. 149-2t

Mrs. Bertha Agee came in from Hickory this morning, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Baker, of Asher, Ok., who has been visiting her for some time and is on her way home.

Mrs. A. R. Caldwell and daughter, Ruth, also Mrs. Caldwell's father, A. B. Brownson, who have been visiting their daughter and sister, Mrs. A. A. Lyda, on West Sixteenth street, left this morning for Bonham and Commerce, Texas, their respective homes.

Program A. Y. M. B. S.

Sunday, Sept. 16, services will be held at the First Presbyterian church at 2:30 p. m., as follows:

Song.

Opening prayer.

Roll call.

Lesson—Fifth and sixth chapters of Nehemiah.

Discussion.

Business; committee appointments.

Prayer.

Song.

Second Timothy, ii, 15.

All men and boys are cordially invited to attend these services.

H. R. Mayrels, cashier of the Frisco, is taking a six weeks' lay off. He is relieved by J. C. Parks, of Holdenville.

J. W. Bolin, B. C. King, Robert Wimbish, Duke Stone, Carlton Weaver, C. W. Black and Homer Williams attended a Democratic rally near Blackburn's gin Wednesday night. They report a good time and a good meeting, also some fine speeches, especially the one made by J. W. Bolin. They report one of the best organized clubs in the district at that place.

Stetson Hats \$1.

For a week only you can get your Stetson made new at Nash's Tailor Shop for \$1. Derby's 50¢ to \$1.25. Have your Panama cleaned now. 148-6tw2t

Cotton Warehouse Burns.

City of Mexico, Sept. 13.—Tuesday night a fierce fire broke out in the cotton warehouse known as the Almacen General, in the warehouse district of Santiago, a suburb of this city.

The flames were communicated to the neighboring warehouses. The losses will aggregate \$300,000.

The Breath of Life.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs means powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study.

Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by Dr. F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists. Price 50¢ and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

We have received a copy of the Ada News Album giving a sketch of the town and showing photographs of the principal industries, buildings, scenes, etc. It is an attractive piece of advertising, neatly arranged and, above all, well printed. Photos are more apt to tell the truth than figures and "statements" in the hands of the average town booster, hence this souvenir album should prove a fetching piece of advertising.—Davis News.

The Rain Has Stopped

many people from buying new fall clothing, if it is you, bring your old suit or overcoat down to Nash and have it made new. New suits to measure from \$15 up. Ladies work a specialty. 148-26t w4t-22

Well Worth Trying.

W. H. Brown, the popular pension attorney, of Pittsfield, Vt., says: "Next to a pension, the best thing to get is Dr. King's New Life Pills." He writes: "They keep my family in splendid health." Quick cure for headache, constipation and biliousness. 25¢. Guaranteed by F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists.

To Cure a Felon."

Says Sam. Kendall, of Philipsburg, Kan., "Just cover it over with Bucklin's Arnica Salve and the salve will do the rest." Quickest cure for burns, boils, sores, scalds, wounds, piles, Eczema, salt rheum, Chapped hands, sore feet, and sore eyes. Only 25¢. at F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists. Guaranteed.

Good for the cough, removes the cold, the cause of the cough. That's the work of Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar—the original laxative cough syrup. Contains no opiates. Sold by F. Z. Holley and Crescent Drug Store.

Steals Fire from the Mind.

Malaria Steals fire from the mind and vigor from the limbs unless you take Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. We have been selling your Chill Cure for four years and it gives better general results than any Chill Tonic we have ever sold.—Cuero Drug Co. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

To Candidates.

The News will print a soliciting card that guarantees a pleasant introduction.

7200 Bottles in Four Months.

Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure has gained favor with the trade more rapidly than any other Chill Tonic. We have sold nearly 50 gross in four months.—Schuh Drug Co., Wholesale Druggists, Cairo, Ill. Sold on a signed guaranty by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District: Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. Joe Mauldin, Defendant, No. 822.

The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.

[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy Galbraith and McKeown, Attorneys for non-resident: W. C. Edwards.

'SWEETNING'

Is an attractive word, but here are a few prices on "sweetening" that will attract the attention of every housewife in Ada.

East Texas Ribbon Cane

per gallon 65¢

Louisiana Ribbon Cane, per gallon 70¢

P & F Cero Debatterie, per gallon 65¢

Evangeline, per gallon 65¢

Maple \$1.25

Home Made Sorghum, per gallon 50¢

Honey Drips (Corn Syrup) per gallon 40¢

Don't forget us when you get hungry.

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders

Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

C. J. Warren, Optician

FURMAN & CROXTON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW!

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown

GALBRAITH & McKEOWN

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank

Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ

OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention

Given to All Work Entrusted.

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meet Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

R. O. WHEELER.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory.

Reed & Harrison

Wholesale and Retail

Buggies

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

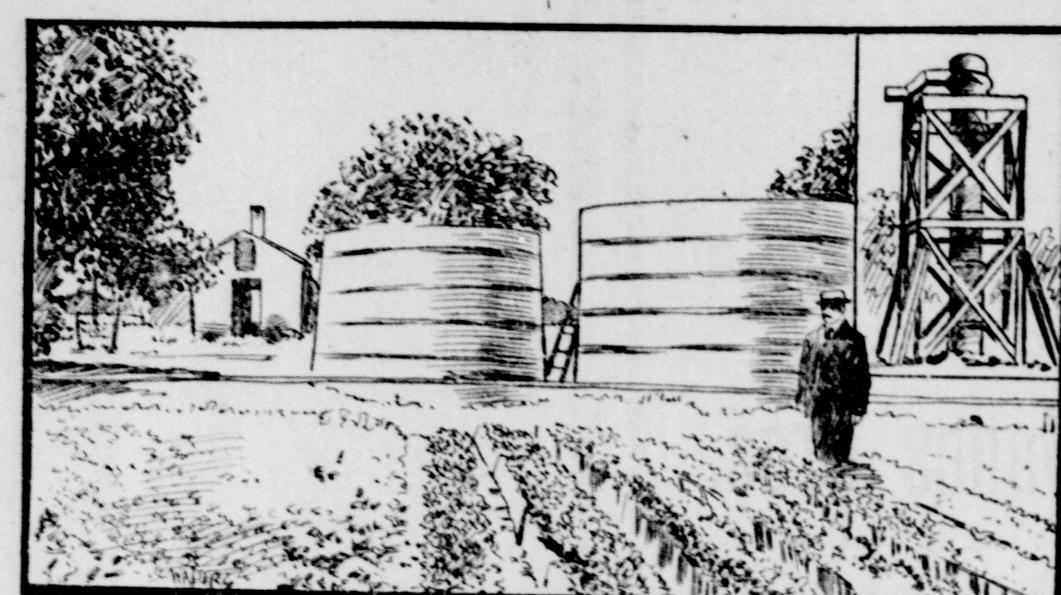
LOANS

AN EFFECTIVE HOME-MADE IRRIGATION PLANT

How an Ohio Truck Farmer Has Solved the Problem of Sure Crops.

Make sure of your water and your crops will not fail you. Nobody realizes this more than the grower of garden truck for the market. His success depends on rapid, sure growth in order to be ready for the larger profits of early marketing. To secure this, he must bring within his control the water supply for his crops.

One man in Ohio has done this in a novel way, utilizing the natural resources of his land. He has put a harness on nature and is reaping rich returns. Not all farmers, of course, would find conditions on their farms such as to make irrigation possible, but a little ingenuity and lots of pluck



The Storage Tanks.

(The Stand Pipe Is Shown in the Upper Right Hand Corner of the Picture.)

will oftentimes discover means right at hand of solving the water problem for the crops as has Mr. Eben Fish, whose truck farm is near Cleveland, O.

A correspondent of the Ohio Farmer who has visited the place gives the following description of the irrigation plant, which will be interesting to our readers:

The first step in developing the irrigation plant was the construction of a dam across the small stream which flows through the west side of the farm. This formed a pond of about one-half acre in extent and about ten feet in depth. This pond has always furnished an ample supply of water, even when the fields were being almost constantly sprinkled in very dry weather. The water is raised to the level of the fields above by a pump,



A Field of Celery Raised by Irrigation.

operated by a four-horse power gasoline engine; the pump throws two barrels of water a minute. As the engine requires but little attention, it can be kept running almost continually, and with the storage tanks, shown in one of our illustrations, is able to sprinkle 2,000 barrels of water on his growing crops in a day. The pump is located at the edge of the water; the engine part way up the bank, while the stand-pipe is up on the level of the fields above.

The stand-pipe is made of 15-inch sewer pipe, joined together with cement, and is 16 feet high. Iron pipe, three inches in diameter, runs from

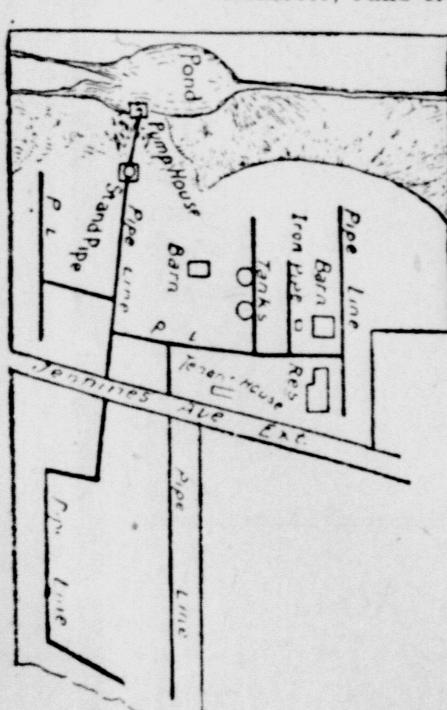
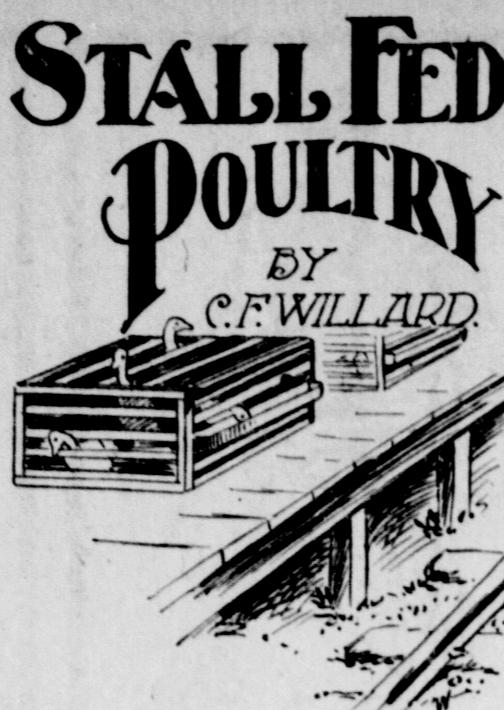


Diagram of the Irrigating System.

the pump to the stand-pipe; and the water is then conducted to the different parts of the fields by a line of four-inch sewer pipe, the section of the pipe being joined together with Portland cement in and around the joints, and laid in a trench two and one-half feet under ground, on an average. This work was done by Mr. Fish and a helper.

At intervals of about 50 feet along the pipe line, uprights three inches in



If you wish to market your fowls it is always best to shut them up a week or two before marketing, so as to have them lay on flesh, and no better method can be devised to fatten them than by the crate-fed method. In order to do this successfully it is necessary that they should have the frame on which to put the flesh, and the Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes (although I prefer the Plymouth Rocks to the Wyandottes because they average a pound heavier) as well as the Asiatics and Orpingtons are the best for the purpose.

The average cost of crate-feeding a chicken is from seven to ten cents. When the chickens are crate-fed by the poultryman or farmer any mature member of the family can attend the chickens successfully. There is no expense for labor. One man can feed from 3,000 to 5,000 chickens in one lot, so that for feeding the labor cost is a small item in an extensive plant. It is not essential that high-priced grain be fed, as almost any ground grain can be utilized in formulating a profitable feeding ration. The best method is to have the crates built of laths or slats just wide enough apart to allow the chicken to get his head through and to have a trough movable on the outside in which to put the food, and when they have eaten all they can at one meal (and give them an hour for their meals) take the trough down. Put water and grit in receptacles outside on the other side and keep the crate shaded and rather dark inside, but with plenty of light when you want them to eat. I have seen chickens and turkeys shut up in a dark place to fatten and then the owner wondered why they did not get fat when it was so dark they could not see to eat.

"While every one has his own idea as to the best fowls to raise, to my mind the Plymouth Rock is better than any of the others as they will lay when eggs are high and when you come to sell them you get something for them, usually more than enough to pay for their feed, leaving the eggs all clear profit."

Gypsy Moth Speeding Westward by Automobile

Westward the gypsy moth takes its way. It has caused millions of dollars worth of damage in Massachusetts, has escaped to New Hampshire and Connecticut, and now the invasion is turning toward New York state.

This interesting information is conveyed in a letter of warning just issued by E. P. Felt, state entomologist of New York, who also asks inhabitants

Two rows of warts down the back of the gypsy moth caterpillar make it easily distinguishable. It is about two inches long and the ten anterior warts are blue, the 12 posterior red. The gypsy moth will eat anything in the tree or shrub line, and on the slightest disturbance leap on passersby and cling to clothing.

Brown tail moths have white spots



Nests of the Moths.

of the Empire State to watch for the brown tail moth in addition to the gypsy and report their appearance anywhere in the state at once.

According to Mr. Felt, the gypsy moth likes to ride by automobile. In this connection he says:

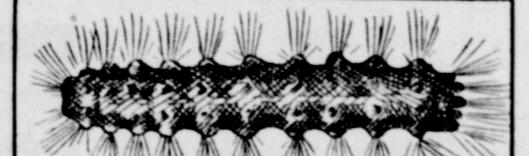
"Experience has shown that automobiles are very active agents in transporting this insect, and, with their increased use in recent years, no one can foresee where the pest may appear next."

The brown tail moth is a more re-

cent trouble than the gypsy, and it is said that the farmers in some English districts complain that owing to the dust raised by the motor cars settling upon grass, it now takes a man two days to cut an acre with a scythe whereas it only took one before motor cars came into existence. The dust is said to dull the edge of the scythe so it is reported and makes necessary frequent sharpening. The American farmer has sufficient grievances against the autoist without adding this to the list.

Caterpillars of both species, says Mr. Felt, may be destroyed by spraying with an arsenical poisoning, preferably five pounds of arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water, though the gypsy moth caterpillars, especially when nearly full grown, are quite resistant to poison. Eggs of the gypsy moth may be destroyed by treating the egg masses with a preparation composed of 50 per cent. creosote oil, 20 per cent. carbolic acid, 20 per cent. spirits of turpentine and ten per cent. of coal tar.

The brown tail moth is a more re-



The Gypsy Moths and Caterpillar.

(The Larger Is the Female and the Smaller the Male Insect.)

cent introduction and, unlike the gypsy moth flies readily. It is not only a very destructive leaf feeder, but the barbed hairs of the caterpillars cause a very severe irritation upon the unprotected skin.

Give the Horse a Bath.—Did you ever give your horse a bath on a hot day? It is as much of a comfort to him to be clean and have the accumulation of sweat and dust washed off, as it is to yourself.

SAVING ORCHARDS FROM THE MEADOW MOUSE

By D. E. Lantz, Assistant Biologist of the U. S. Biological Survey.

The writer has given considerable attention to methods of dealing with prairie meadow mice (*M. austeus*). In December, 1903, he was called to Marion county, Kansas, to investigate an outbreak of these animals in orchards and in a large nursery. One orchard of 480 acres, containing about 26,000 apple trees, eight to ten years planted, was found to be badly infested. About 5,000 of the trees, worth over \$30,000, were badly damaged, many of them being completely girdled, and the bark eaten often as high as among the lower branches. Most of the damage was from mice, but in parts of the orchard rabbits also had been at work.

As an experiment, the writer placed some wheat poisoned with strichnine at the base of about 50 of the badly damaged trees. This was done late in the evening, and on the following morning a considerable number of dead meadow mice and white-footed mice were found.

The ground in this orchard was literally covered by a network of runways made by the prairie mouse, and many of the runways extended below the surface for long distances.

It is to be carefully noted that the damage to this and other orchards in

escaping the poisoned baits. In distributing poison too much care, however, cannot be used to avoid the destruction of valuable birds.

The writer recommended, as a remedy for the injury done to the trees by mice, that soil should be heaped up about the trunks so as to entirely cover the wounds. This was done,



Pine Mouse.

(*Microtus Pinetorum Scalpsoides*)

with the result that many trees that had been almost completely girdled formed new bark and recovered. The orchard was again examined during the summer of 1905, and photographs of some of the trees obtained.

In the use of strichnine for poisoning field mice an ounce of strichnia sulphate is used to each half bushel of wheat. The strichnia is dissolved in a pint of hot water and a pint of heavy sugar syrup is added. The combined wheat and liquid are then stirred until every grain is wet, when the mass is allowed to stand in the mixing vessel for 12 or more hours before it is distributed.

To prevent all danger of poisoning grain-eating mirds, twigs of apple trees as bait may be substituted for wheat. The twigs or sprouts, cut six to eight inches long, are dipped into the liquid poison, or the poison applied to them with a brush, and then sparingly scattered near the base of trees or at the mouth of mouse burrows, and along the paths frequented by rabbits. Both mice and rabbits eat the bark of the poisoned twigs freely.

Another excellent way of destroying mice with poison without endangering the lives of larger mammals and birds, is to introduce the poisoned bait into the middle of short pieces of drain pipe which have an internal diameter of about 1½ inches. The pipes are then laid on the ground near the burrows of the mice. To prevent displacement of the bait, it may be put into the pipes after they are in position. Meadow mice readily enter these drains and find the bait. Oatmeal made into a paste is the most convenient bait to use.

Among the more preventive measures are:

(1) The preservation, both by legislation and individual cooperation, of the natural enemies of mice.



Apple Trees 5 Inches in Diameter, Girdled by Prairie Meadow Mice (*Microtus austerus*).

The Trees Were Saved by Heaping Up the Soil About the Trunks to Cover the Injury.

powdered strichnine had been inserted by means of a knife. As many as 20 dead rabbits were counted in a single morning. While they were not entirely exterminated, the experiment demonstrated the efficacy of the method, specially in winter.

An exceptional circumstance in connection with these poisoning operations was that no dead birds were found in the orchard during their progress. Remarkable as it may seem short-eared owls, hawks, and crows fed freely upon the poisoned mice and rabbits without injury. Tree sparrows, juncos and quail were common,

(2) The curtailment of the range of meadow mice by the drainage of swamps and the periodic plowing of grass lands for the rotation of crops.

(3) The destruction of weeds, trash, and litter of all kinds about farm premises, gardens and orchards, to prevent meadow mice from obtaining the winter shelter necessary to their survival.

(4) The burning of dead grass in meadows and pastures, to the same end. Care should be taken, however, not to burn the grass in late spring or early summer, when prairie chickens, quail and other birds that build on the ground are nesting.

WEATHER FORECAST:
Tomorrow: Fair.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

TEMPERATURE TODAY:
At 8 p.m., 87 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1906

NUMBER 149

Getting Ready for Fall

We wish to announce to the trade that we are daily receiving all that is new in the coming season's styles in Dress Goods and the Dry Goods line generally. In fact we will be better prepared to attend to your wants in the line of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Etc. this season than ever before.

We Invite You to Our Store

We ask that you take a few minutes off while in town and look through our immense stock. You will be better prepared to trade then as you will have had a chance to inspect one of the largest Dry Goods stocks in the new state of Oklahoma.

Remember the Big Cash Store will make your money go farther

SCOTT-HOARD CO.

"COTTON PICKERS" TO BE COLONIZED IN NEW STATE

With the Republicans of Blaine and Logan counties sending delegates to the Southern states to solicit negroes to come to Oklahoma, it gives the lie to the papers that have declared there is no danger from the negro in Oklahoma. The Republicans are trying to allay the fears of the people on the negro question while they are bending their efforts to do the very thing they say cannot be done.

While pretending they are seeking cotton pickers, delegations from the above named counties into the Southern states to induce negroes to come here at once. In Logan county the negro who will come in is guaranteed a place to live upon, which will be rented to him another year. The aim is to colonize the negro in Oklahoma. In Blaine county, two negroes, Green, of Lincoln township, and Burd, of Omega, Cedar Valley township, are going to Memphis, Tennessee, to bring back all the negroes they can induce to come.

Tom Ferguson, of Watonga, Blaine county, is the candidate for congress in the Second district. Colonizing the negro in Oklahoma is one of the favorite pastimes of the Republican candidate and ex-governor. He holds that the negro is on the same level with the white man, and in his home county he does more for the negro than for the whites. That he desires to strengthen the power of his machine with the negro vote, there is no doubt in the minds of those who know him well.

The carpetbaggers and corporations that dominate the party machinery at Guthrie are the same that have boosted the negro into office there, and it is this class that is willing to blacken the name of a political party, as well as ride over the white people, by shipping in ignorant negroes to vote in the constitutional convention election under the scheme that is provided by the districting board.

The whole plan is a deep laid plot on the part of the fellows who have held offices for years in the territories and who are determined to perpetuate their rule by any means. The throwing aside of those provisions of the election laws that guarantee honest elections, the sending of emissaries into the black belts to solicit negroes who can, under the construction of the laws by the election board, vote at the coming election, all prove the charges made against the corporations and carpet-

bagger office holders who have the election machinery in their grasp.

It is up to the people of Oklahoma, who believe in right and justice, regardless of party or creed, to fight for their liberties. A few hundred negro "cotton pickers" votes from the black belt properly distributed in the close districts will give the corporation tools delegates to which they are not entitled. It might put the control of the convention in the hands of that element. If they control the constitutional convention, do you think they will not make everything as favorable as possible for the negro who decided the election?

This is a critical time in the lives of Oklahomans, for there is an element that is trying to cheat them out of a true expression on the choice of men and parties to write the constitution of the new state. Do honest Republicans sanction the importation of negroes to vote in this most important election? Investigate for yourselves and see whether or not these importations are being arranged. And why do you think it is being done at this particular time?

In the Indian Territory the same tactics are being employed in the close districts, and it is important that the people be on the watch to protect themselves against the outrage.

150 Cotton Warehouse Charters Filed.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 13.—The cotton storage movement of the Farmers' Union of Texas has reached big proportions. More than 150 cotton warehouse charters have been filed in the secretary of state's office during the last several weeks, and they are still coming in at the rate of several a week. The object of these warehouses is to afford facilities for storing and holding cotton by the farmers at a cheap rate until prices have reached a point when it is deemed advisable by the managers of the movement for the product to be marketed. The Farmers' Union organization has also taught a large number of its members in the classing and sampling of cotton and the services of middlemen are to be done away with entirely in the marketing of the product.

The whole plan is a deep laid plot on the part of the fellows who have held offices for years in the territories and who are determined to perpetuate their rule by any means. The throwing aside of those provisions of the election laws that guarantee honest elections, the sending of emissaries into the black belts to solicit negroes who can, under the construction of the laws by the election board, vote at the coming election, all prove the charges made against the corporations and carpet-

EVANGELIST TRIMBLE SPEAKS ON THE SUBJECT "HOPE"

Evangelist Trimble's subject at the Christian church Wednesday night was "Hope." He handled the subject in a masterly manner and those who heard him were made better by it. He said:

"Hope enters into our salvation, and becomes an element of it. We want the word of God as the foundation for our hope. We want His written promises. Is God's written word of any less value than His spoken word would be? Are our verbal promises more valuable than our written promises? God could have said to you in his audible voice, that your sins have been pardoned, but would that be better evidence than his written word?"

"When God used his voice and spoke in audible language, there were some present who said it thundered.

"My friends our feelings are not always incontestable evidence of pardon. The only incontestable evidence of pardon is the word of the pardoning power. God has not commanded us to feel, and if he had we could not obey the command. But God, wanting us to feel has told us what to do. God has announced the conditions of pardon

and to these conditions are connected promises, and when we comply with conditions, the promises are ours.

"I do not undervalue emotions in religion, but I want you to have a more secure foundation for your hope. I want you to be able to say 'hereby we know that we know him' for we 'keep his commandments.' Let us do what God says in this life that hearts may overflow with hope. When we enter a forest at nightfall there is nothing there that delights us. We see strange objects dimly through the distance. The wind sweeps through the overhanging branches like the wail of woe and we long to escape from the dreadful place. But the moon arises in her queenly splendor and sheds her mild radiance over the scene. That scene so desolate, now as if by enchantment, becomes a scene of surpassing magnificence. The wind's sad sigh becomes a lofty hymn. The dew drops now sparkle like diamonds set in emeralds. And so it is when we have the assurance that comes from obedience. 'If ye do these things ye shall never fail.'

BRYAN BEGINS TOUR OF NEW STATE SEPT. 26

William Jennings Bryan will spend three nights and two days in Indian Territory and Oklahoma, beginning Wednesday night, September 26.

An itinerary is now being arranged, which will include stops at many of the important cities and towns in the new state.

To a representative of the Oklahoma Democratic campaign committee, who conferred with Mr. Bryan in St. Louis Tuesday, the distinguished statesman said:

"It matters not where they send me, or how much work I am asked to do. I have long wanted to come to Oklahoma and assist in the campaign.

"Even before the committee waited on me at New York upon my arrival home from abroad, I had hoped to find a way to come to Oklahoma before the fall election.

"All I shall expect of you Oklahomans is that you get me in Kansas City by 6 o'clock on the evening of September 29. I am going to open the Missouri campaign at Kansas City on that date, but will stay with you as long as I can safely do so and keep my Kansas City appointment."

School Enrollment.

President Broadfoot of the school-board stated to the News reporter that the present enrollment was 280 for the north school and 390 for the south school. Within a few days there will be a considerable increase in attendance.

Prayermeeting at the Baptist Church.

Failing for want of lights to hold prayermeeting at the Baptist church last night there will be services there tonight and a good attendance is desired.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 125 tf

Ladies' skirts and jackets cleaned, dyed and pressed at K. C. tailor shop. 136 tf

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104 tf

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95 tf

THE LANES BOUND OVER TO THE U. S. COURT

The preliminary trial of Robert Lane and wife, charged with conspiracy to commit murder, was concluded in United States Commissioner Winn's court Wednesday evening.

At its conclusion Judge Winn placed Mrs. Lane under \$500 bonds and Lane under \$3000 bonds for their appearance at the October term of court. Mrs. Lane was able to give bond, but up to a late hour her husband was not so fortunate and will be taken to Ardmore

tonight if the bond is not forthcoming. At the hearing it was observed that Lane was very much affected. He broke completely down and continually sobbed, while the young wife and mother scarcely showed a trace of feeling for the infant lying contentedly nursing a bottle in a stranger's arms. She seemed utterly devoid of a mother's feelings, which probably can be accounted for by her simplicity and tender years.

BRYAN RECEIVES GREAT OVATION IN OLD KENTUCKY

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13.—The hospitality for which Kentucky is famous was very much in evidence at the reception of William Jennings Bryan Wednesday, a reception in which the entire South participated.

Special trains brought thousands of people to the city, and the crowds equalled even those of the homecoming week.

The committee which met Mr. Bryan was composed of the leading statesmen of the South, nearly all the governors

of Southern States participating in the welcome.

In his speech here Bryan sounded the keynote of the Democratic campaign in the South. Colonel Henry Watterson, editor of the Courier-Journal presided at the meeting and introduced Mr. Bryan in a brief speech.

The Nebraska statesman is in Cincinnati, where he is being given a rousing today greeting by the Ohio Democrats.

K. C.—Keep clean. 136 tf

Ramsey's Drug Store

For School Supplies, Drugs, Patent Medicine, Syringes, Water Bottles, Ice Caps, Rubber Gloves, Pocket Books, Purse, Paints and Oils, Glass, Putty, Agents for Eureka Springs Water, Eastman's Kodaks and Kodak Supplies. Phonographs and Gold Moulded Records.

G. M. Ramsey, Druggist

(Successor to Clark Drng Co.)

PAUL W. ALLEN:

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.
Horses Boarded by Day or Week.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some fair bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors :

Weaver Building, 12th and Broadway.

THE O. B. WEAVER FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

Invites a share of your insurance patronage. It represents the strongest company in the world, and the many others represented are just as good. These companies all made a leading showing in the prompt payment of their Frisco losses. Correct rates assured.

R. O. WHEELER, MANAGER

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grows out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter, March 26,
1894, at the post office at Ada, Indian Terri-
tory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1893.

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Demo-
cratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

Subject to the action of the Demo-
cratic district primary.

For Delegate to the Constitutional
Convention
J. R. LAWRENCE
CARLTON WEAVER

CAMPBELL ATTACKS NEWSPAPERS

Last Saturday, Sept. 8th, the Democratic constitutional delegate campaign was opened before the Democratic club at Midland. The three candidates, J. R. Lawrence, W. H. L. Campbell and Carlton Weaver were present and made speeches.

W. H. L. Campbell, the News is informed, notified the Midland Democrats that they would not see the formal announcement of his candidacy in any of the newspapers of the district, the reason for which, Campbell stated, was that the newspapers had formed a trust to "hold up" candidates, and that it would cost him \$65 to a source for the office of delegate. Mr. Campbell Democratically declared that he was against the trusts, but he went further and gave notice that he was going to start the campaign right by going after the newspaper trust. When he had concluded his attack on the newspapers, Carlton Weaver, one of the candidates for the Democratic nomination, in substance replied that he desired in behalf of the press of the delegate district to state that Mr. Campbell's accusation was absolutely false and without foundation in fact.

Now the Ada News is very adverse to making an attack, though its columns on Judge Campbell, nor would we sanction the harsh language used by Carlton Weaver in his emphatic denial made in behalf of the district press. Naturally the News is a little partial in this delegate contest, for which the public will not find fault, but we only have approval for a straight, fair campaign where merit based on the respective candidate's records and qualifications will win.

But aside from any consideration of favor of one candidate over another the News, as a member of the press of this delegate district, has been greatly slandered and deserves to emphatically tell what it thinks of Campbell's stand against the press of the district. There has never been, in any manner, the least understanding among the editors or publishers of this delegate district as to announcement charges. It may be that no paper in the district to this time has made the same charges for announcements. On the other hand, the News is reliably informed that one paper in the district has charged five dollars, another ten dollars, another eight dollars and still another has offered to announce a candidate from another town for nothing.

Not a paper in the district would think for a moment of demanding that a candidate announce in all the papers before accepting, in its own behalf, an announcement. This is true, and he who says other states false. Therefore, the only question is whether it is right to charge candidates at all for announcements for office. The News will state its own case to the public and feels sure the same will hold good as to the other papers. If the three candidates for delegate should announce through the Daily and Weekly News, the total sum secured would be \$36. Even if all the candidates for county offices should announce through the paper, the total sum realized would not reasonably reach above \$300. One may ask how it is that you deservedly earn so much money? In the first place, it is legitimate earning if one gets value returned by getting his candidacy and platform before the people from whom he is asking support. In the second place, every true Democrat is always glad to pay for a medium through which he can straightforwardly tell the people for what he stands and how he

will protect their interests in the event they will elect him. When he does not do so, he insults the people and plainly appears to be trying to fool them. Unless the News is badly mistaken, the people of this delegate district want the candidates to write down in "black and white," over his name, and give it to the world, just what he believes and will advocate. No candidate has the right to tell the people in one community one thing and in another something else, and in town whisper something radically different; and, if elected, when he returns from the convention whine to his constituency that he was misunderstood—that they really had forgotten.

The principal and all sufficient reason why a candidate should pay a newspaper for announcement of candidacy is—the Democratic press is required to fight its party's battles and it must be through its intelligent treatment of the issues before the people that political success is attained. Why should not the man who gets the office, being he who gets both the honor and the money, help support the press, which has brought success to his party. One might inquire why the democratic press would not be satisfied without money to support the best political principles? It would, but our Democratic friends should remember that it costs a paper several hundred additional dollars to weather a campaign. One must buy more telegraphic news, cartoon service is required to be installed, more news matter must be printed and the issues properly before the people must be determined in their relative importance and discussed by the press that the intelligent reading public may arrive at the truth.

The News regrets that in fairness it could not meet Mr. Campbell's request and take his announcement at five cents per line. Twenty-five cents is too cheap for a paper to announce a candidate for delegate to the constitutional convention.

TOLD BY BAKERY WINDOWS

When They Contain But Little Show
It is an Indication of Good
Business.

"He runs a bakery, I know that," said the broker's clerk, "but I don't know what kind of a trade he has."

"How do his bakery windows look?" asked the broker.

"Bare as a picked bone," said the clerk. "There isn't a thing in them except frilled paper, a couple of rolls tied up with red ribbon and a plate of cakes no thicker than a dime."

"Then the fellow is gilt-edged," said the broker. "He has first-class customers. Just show me a baker's windows and I can tell you nine times out of ten the quality of his trade. If they present the appearance of having been struck by famine, he caters to rich folks—supplies them with lady-fingers and dainty wafers thin enough to see through. His customers don't need anything more substantial. Never afraid to make a deal with a baker who has starved looking windows; he's making money hand over fist. The fellow who makes a display of whole pies and cakes and real loaves of bread is not so well to do. His customers are second and third class. They like to eat and don't care who knows it, and the baker finds it to his advantage to advertise his wares. But it is the baker who caters to the common people who knows how to get up a window that makes your mouth water. The pies he makes are as big as cart wheels, his cakes are seven layers thick, his slabs of apple roll are coated with every known kind of spice and his sinkers are stuffed with real jelly."

Bond Election.

[Notice of Special Election.]

Late explorations of the Italian coast near Pompeii have changed the opinion of antiquarians, says the New York Tribune. The submerged Roman ruins along the coast used to be regarded as foundation walls thrown out for sea baths, but it was made clear that they are the remains of noble mansions, and that they point to the time when the land on which they stood was far above the level of the sea. The shore is, in fact, strewn with the wreck of buried cities. Coast roads have vanished, ancient quarries have been flooded and the breakwaters of the harbor, of classical story covered fathoms deep with water. A great submarine sea wall, with concrete piers 17 feet high, still protects the fragments. But neither the fragments nor the great sea wall have been visible in the light of day for 2,000 years.

Not Likely

A tough kid strolled into a downtown drug store. His attire of patched clothing and a huge cigar excited some remarks from the three patrons of the store who were engaged in conversation at the time the boy made his entry. In response to an inquiry from the clerk relative to what he wanted, the boy said: "Give me a half dozen quinine pills." Taking six pills from a near-by bottle, the clerk asked if he should put them in a box. "Hully gee," broke in the boy, "youse didn't think I was going to tell 'em home, did you?"

MEN AND WOMEN.
The Big G Formularium, Lubricants, Irritants, Ointments, etc., of mucous membranes. Painless and not astrin-
gent. Used in Dermatitis, etc.
Avoid Druggists,
or sent in plain wrapped, for \$1.00, 8 bottles \$2.75.
Circular sent on request.

SUPPLEMENT TO PLATFORM.

Carlton Weaver Adds to His Declara-
tion of Principles.

CORPORATION TAX.

If I should be elected to the Constitutional Convention, I would advocate a provision levying a one per centum tax on all corporation earnings. Corporations are the creatures of the state and their charters should include a tax provision.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS.

I would advocate that it be made an offense punishable by imprisonment for a corporation to contribute to a campaign fund, also a provision demanding publicity of campaign contributions.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

I would favor and advocate a state agricultural department. Well equipped agricultural schools and experimental stations should be maintained by the state. Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, Kansas and Texas have made farming doubly profitable by maintaining state agricultural departments. Better farming methods are discovered and taught, and a subsequent increase in returns from the soil results.

CARLTON WEAVER.

NEW JERSEY 'RICKISHAS.'

Vehicle of Yankee Make Has Invaded
the Orient with Good
Results.

That characteristic vehicle of the orient, the jinrikisha, is drawn by a yellow coolie in Japan, a brown Hindoo in India, a black Zulu in South Africa; but look between the shafts of the 'rikishas' in any of these countries, and you will probably find the same name plate—that of a vehicle manufacturer in New Jersey. The Yankee 'rikishas' has invaded the east, and its invader promises to result in a permanent occupation of countries where cheap labor would seem to forbid sales of American goods.

The Yankee 'rikisha' manufacturer competes on prices first. He sells vehicles as good as the native product as low as \$16 and no higher than \$40. American factory methods permit turning them out in large numbers on the duplicate system. He also competes in quality, making 'rikishas' with ball bearings, bicycle wheels and cushion tires at \$30.

Different types of 'rikishas' are made for different countries. The vehicle is common in Lagos, Ceylon, and many other localities, each of which has its preferences in the way of weight, height, hoods, bells, lamps, colors, curtains. The New Jersey factory also supplies the "ponse-pousse" used in Madagascar. It is a variety of jinrikisha with hood and springs.

Another is the "Korean cab," which is nothing more than an improvement on the clumsy Chinese wheelbarrow with its single wheel, familiar as a passenger vehicle in all Chinese cities. The "Korean cab" has a single wheel fitted with a pneumatic tire, and seats one passenger, the seat being placed high over the wheel. Coolies in front and behind balance and propel it, and the vehicle is capable of good speed.

When the Yankee 'rikishas' was introduced on the west coast of Africa, it was so much lighter than the vehicle previously known that the first Zulu who drew one presently stopped, lifted the vehicle and its passenger to his head, and wanted to carry it that way being easier. American wheelbarrow, were introduced about the same time and a contractor who supplied them to his Fanti laborers, returning in few hours, found them all being used water-jar fashion.

Bond Election.

[Notice of Special Election.]

Notice is hereby given that a Special Election by the voters of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, who are qualified electors owning real or personal property subject to taxation in the said City of Ada, Indian Territory, has been called by the mayor and city council of Ada, Indian Territory, and will be held at the mayor's office in Ward No. 1, and at John Beard's building on Broadway in Ward No. 2, and at the United States commissioner's office in Ward No. 3, and at the John Barringer building on Townsend avenue between Main and Twelfth street in Ward No. 4, of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and sunset of same day, as follows:

To vote on the proposition of issuing Forty Thousand Dollars in bonds of said City of Ada, Indian Territory; the terms and conditions of the bond issue is more particularly described and set forth in the resolution of the city council of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, passed on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1906, and herewith published at length as a part of this notice:

RESOLUTION. Concerning the issuing of bonds of the city of Ada, Indian territory. Good cause appearing it is deemed advisable by the Mayor and City Council of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, to issue bonds for the following purpose, to-wit:

For the construction of additional waterworks; and, whereas under the provisions of Section 55 of Supplemental Agreement between the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nation and United States (32 Stat. 641); putting in force the "Laws in force in the organized Territories of the United States" (30 Stat. 252) and under the limitations of the General Bond Act approved May

19, 1902, (32 Stat. 200), the Mayor and City Council of said city are required first to submit the question of the issuance of said bonds to the qualified electors of said city who are owners of real estate or personal property, in said city, subject to taxation, to be by them voted upon.

Therefore, be it resolved by the City Council of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, that the Mayor of the said city of Ada, Indian Territory, submit the following proposition to the qualified electors owning real or personal property subject to taxation, in the said city of Ada, Indian Territory, to be by them voted upon, at an election to be held for that purpose, in Ada, Indian Territory, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906.

Shall the bonds of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, be issued for the following purpose and upon the following conditions, namely: in the sum of Forty Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of constructing additional waterworks for public and private use, in the said city of Ada, Indian Territory, said bonds hereinbefore named to be issued in the principal sum of Forty Thousand Dollars and in denominations of One Thousand Dollars each, and to be numbered from thirty-one upwards, and to be known as Waterworks Bonds of the City of Ada, Indian Territory. The principal sum of said bonds to be paid in twenty years from the date of their issue in lawful money of the United States, to bear interest in like lawful money of the United States from the date of their issue, interest payable semi-annually at the rate of five per cent per annum; such bonds shall contain all necessary and usual provisions expressing the contract; shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, who shall keep a proper record of such bonds; that none of said bonds shall be sold at less than their par value; that the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906, be and the same is, designated and set apart as the day upon which the question of the issuance of the bonds hereinbefore specified shall be voted upon by the qualified electors of said city of Ada, Indian Territory, who are owners of real or personal property subject to taxation in said city of Ada, Indian Territory; that it is further resolved that a notice of the said election be signed by the Mayor and Recorder of the city of Ada, Indian Territory; in their official capacity specifying time and places of holding said election and, set forth this resolution; said notice to be published in the Ada Weekly News, a newspaper of general circulation published in said city of Ada, Indian Territory, for thirty days prior to said 8th day of October, A. 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LOCAL NEWS

G. W. Cox is reported ill.
Mrs. G. F. Johnson is sick.
Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz.
Phone 70. 133-tf
Attorney Cart returned to Stonewall today.
The little child of Nip Curry and wife is quite sick.
American Beauty corsets. All the latest styles \$1. to \$3.50.
148-2t Cox-Greer Dry Goods Co.
Miss Fannie Cook went to Dustin, I. T., on visit.
Mrs. A. M. McKoy is reported some better today.
Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only.
133-tf
Mrs. C. M. Chauncey is reported not so well today.
Mrs. Lula Shields and son of Roff were in the city today.
Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 0. 133-tf
A. J. McLaughlin was here from Oklahoma City today.
Mr. Tucker, of Ardmore, was transacting business in our city today.
Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf
Sam Baily, of Wewoka, formerly a resident of Ada is in the city.
Little Sudie Moss, daughter of Sol Moss and wife is quite sick with fever.
Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf
W. R. Patterson, of Memphis, Tenn., was a business visitor in our city today.
If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf
Messers Stanfield, Swaffar and Pete Rollow went to Stonewall today on business.

W. W. Brown, route agent of the Wells-Fargo Express Co., spent the night in Ada.

FOR RENT.—Two furnished bedrooms, centrally located. Mrs. C. W. Barnett. 147-2t

W. T. Stover, of Allen, formerly of Ada, brought his son to town for medical treatment.

Geo. Thompson and wife of South Ada, left this morning for a visit to Sherman, Texas.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs.—P. K. Smith. 126-tf

Mrs. A. H. Chapman and both children are reported ill. One of the children has pneumonia.

Mrs. McClure, of Pauls Valley, is quite sick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Gardner, in North Ada.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

Sid Tolbert went to Roff Wednesday evening to attend a Democratic rally. He reports a fine meeting.

Mrs. Robert Gunter came in from Holdenville this morning to visit with R. O. Lawrence and family.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf

The members of the XXth Century club are requested to meet at the office of E. W. Hardin Saturday afternoon at the hour of 4 o'clock for the purpose of holding a business session. Mrs. Tom Hope, President.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct style for men, women and children

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

News' Name Election.

Official Ticket

Should the Name of Ada be Changed?
Assuring a Change, What Name do You Prefer?

[Signature].....

[Street Address].....

Change of Name Contest.
Following is the total of votes cast on changing the name of Ada:
For Change of Name 64
Against Change of Name 78
VOTE FOR NEW NAMES
Frisco City 29
Winona City 17
Portland 2
Grenada 1
Ocoda 1
Carlton 1
Chickma 1
Hamilton 1
Mountolive 1
Laurada 1
W. L. Byrd, W. W. Rader, A. M. Croxton, judges.

Mesdames Cloyd and Dunster will open up a first class Dress Making parlor in the room formerly occupied by the Telephone Co., over the First National Bank, about September 20th.

Mrs. Sloan has returned from a visit with her daughter at Francis, and left for her home at Center this morning.

Cupid flour, best on earth! At Walsh's No. 17. 95-tf

W. L. Coleman, traveling freight agent of the Frisco, left this morning after a short business visit in our city.

We sell a complete line of "Skinner Satins" quality unquestioned and the range of colors beautiful. 148-2t

A Patterson, traveling auditor of the Frisco, was transacting business in the city Wednesday, leaving this morning.

W. T. Cox received a letter from his wife saying she arrived at her brother's much stronger and better than she expected to.

Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods. 133-tf

J. H. Shell and wife, who have been prospecting in our city a few days, left this morning for their home at McKinney, Texas.

L. E. Martells came in from Luxora, Ark., to make his home with Mr. Duffal. Mr. Martells raised Mr. Duffal from a boy to manhood.

Better have that overcoat cleaned at the K. C. tailor shop. 136-tf

Mrs. M. O. Klemurry, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Kroth, and family for some time, left this morning for her home at Weleetka.

Mr. Milton and wife, also Mrs. Milton's mother, Mrs. Higton, came in from Sulphur this morning on their way to Konawa.

We guarantee our Cupid flour. No 17. Walsh. 95-tf

Gardner Green and family came in this morning from Northern Arkansas, and will make Ada their home. Mr. Green is a brother-in-law of M. L. Saylor.

Mrs. Chas. Chestnut, of Sherman, Texas, is visiting friends in Ada. Mr. Chestnut will be remembered as section man of the Frisco for a number of years.

The very latest styles are produced in the American Beauty corsets Let us show you. Cox-Greer Dry Goods Co. 148-2t

Dr. Martin went to the country Tuesday afternoon to see a patient, the heavy rain came and he was not able to get home until today on account of high waters.

FOR SALE—Farm 5 miles north of Ada. Will sell on reasonable terms with a small amount down. W. J. Reed. 149-2t

Mrs. Bertha Agee came in from Hickory this morning, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Baker, of Asher, Ok., who has been visiting her for some time and is on her way home.

Mrs. A. R. Caldwell and daughter, Ruth, also Mrs. Caldwell's father, A. B. Brownson, who have been visiting their daughter and sister, Mrs. A. A. Lyda, on West Sixteenth street, left this morning for Bonham and Commerce, Texas, their respective homes.

Program A. Y. M. B. S. Sunday, Sept. 16, services will be held at the First Presbyterian church at 2:30 p. m., as follows:

Song.
Opening prayer.
Roll call.
Lesson—Fifth and sixth chapters of Nehemiah.

Discussion.
Business; committee appointments.
Prayer.

Song.
Second Timothy, ii, 15.
All men and boys are cordially invited to attend these services.

H. R. Mayrels, cashier of the Frisco, is taking a six weeks' lay off. He is relieved by J. C. Parkes, of Holdenville. J. W. Bolin, B. C. King, Robert Wimbish, Duke Stone, Carlton Weaver, C. W. Black and Homer Williams attended a Democratic rally near Blackburn's gin Wednesday night. They report a good time and a good meeting, also some fine speeches, especially the one made by J. W. Bolin. They report one of the best organized clubs in the district at that place.

Stetson Hats \$1.

For a week only you can get your Stetson made new at Nash's Tailor Shop for \$1. Derby's 50c to \$1.25. Have your Panama cleaned now. 148-6tw2t-2

Cotton Warehouse Burns.

City of Mexico, Sept. 18.—Tuesday night a fierce fire broke out in the cotton warehouse known as the Almacen General, in the warehouse district of Santiago, a suburb of this city. The flames were communicated to the neighboring warehouses. The losses will aggregate \$300,000.

The Breath of Life.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs means powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study. Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by Dr. F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

We have received a copy of the Ada News Album giving a sketch of the town and showing photographs of the principal industries, buildings, scenes, etc. It is an attractive piece of advertising, neatly arranged and, above all, well printed. Photos are more apt to tell the truth than figures and "statements" in the hands of the average town booster, hence this souvenir album should prove a fetching piece of advertising.—Davis News.

The Rain Has Stopped

many people from buying new fall clothing, if it is you, bring your old suit or overcoat down to Nash and have it made new. New suits to measure from \$15 up. Ladies work a specialty. 148-26t wat-22

Well Worth Trying.

W. H. Brown, the popular pension attorney, of Pittsfield, Vt., says "Next to a pension, the best thing to get is Dr. King's New Life Pills." He writes: "They keep my family in splendid health." Quick cure for burns, constipation and biliousness 25c. Guaranteed by F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists.

To Cure a Felon.

Says Sam Kendall, of Phillipsburg, Kan.: "Just cover it over with Bucklin's Arnica Salve and the salve will do the rest." Quickest cure for burns, boils, sores, scalds, wounds, piles, Eczema, salt rheum. Chapped hands, sore feet, and sore eyes. Only 25c. at F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists.

Starving to Death.

Because her stomach was so weakened by useless drugging that she could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters, of St. Clair St., Columbus, O., was literally starving to death. She writes: "My stomach was so weak from useless drugs that I could not eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I could not sleep; and not before I was given up to die was I induced to try Electric Bitters; with the wonderful result that improvement began at once, and a complete cure followed." Best health tonic on earth. 50c. Guaranteed by F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists.

Good for the cough, removes the cold, the cause of the cough. That's the work of Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar—the original laxative cough syrup. Contains no opiates. Sold by F. Z. Holley and Crescent Drug Store.

Frisco Low Rates.

Commencing August 26th, we will sell until October 31st, tickets at very low rates to points in California, Arizona, Nevada, New Mexico, Old Mexico and Texas. Call and get particulars.

I. McNair, Agent, Ada, I. T.

Better Than Any Other.

Cuero, Tex., May 23, 1905.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. We have been selling your Chill Cure for four years and it gives better general results than any Chill Tonic we have ever sold." Cuero Drug Co. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

To the Public.
I respectfully notify the public that I have accepted a position with the O. B. Weaver Fire Insurance agency and I earnestly solicit on behalf of this substantial fire agency the insurance patronage of my friends. The strongest company in the world and others just as safe are represented by this agency.



'SWEETNING'

Is an attractive word, but here are a few prices on "sweetening" that will attract the attention of every housewife in Ada.

East Texas Ribbon Cane per gallon 65c

Louisiana Ribbon Cane, per gallon 70c

P & F Cero Debatterie, per gallon 65c

Evangeline, per gallon 65c

Maple \$1.25

Home Made Sorghum, per gallon 50c

Honey Drips (Corn Syrup) per gallon 40c

Don't forget us when you get hungry.

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders



Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted

C.J. Warren, Optician

FURMAN & CROXTON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW!

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.

Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown

GALBRAITH & McKEOWN

LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank

Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ

OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M.

M. Sander's home on South

Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA. IND. TER.

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention

Given to All Work Entrusted.

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meet Market

and ask a share of your patronage! Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory

oooooooooooooo

Reed & Harrison

Wholesale and Retail

Buggies

oooooooooooooo

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

oooooooooooooo

AN EFFECTIVE HOME-MADE IRRIGATION PLANT

How an Ohio Truck Farmer Has Solved the Problem of Sure Crops.

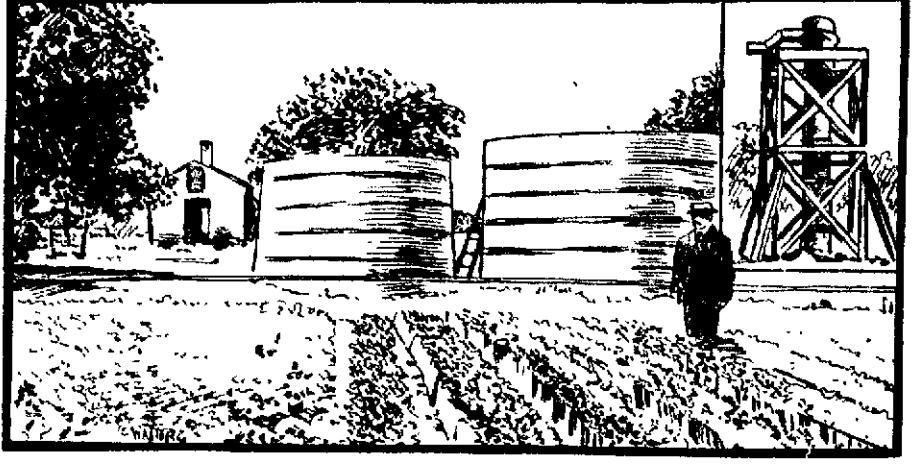
Make sure of your water and your crops will not fail you. Nobody realizes this more than the grower of garden truck for the market. His success depends on rapid, sure growth in order to be ready for the larger profits of early marketing. To secure this, he must bring within his control the water supply for his crops.

One man in Ohio has done this in a novel way, utilizing the natural resources of his land. He has put a harness on nature and is reaping rich returns. Not all farmers, of course, would find conditions on their farms such as to make irrigation possible, but a little ingenuity and lots of pluck

diameter are placed and extend about five inches above the ground, to which may be attached the sprinkling hose. When not in use the opening is made water-tight by a round wooden lid and rubber ring, which fits into the flange of the pipe and is held in place by an iron clamp and screw, invented for the purpose by Mr. Fish. It requires but a moment to attach the hose to one of these uprights, and it can be done without turning off the water.

There is about 5,000 feet of this pipe line, and it is so placed that every part of the field can be reached with the hose attached to it.

In the matter of hose Mr. Fish has



The Storage Tanks.

(The Stand Pipe is Shown in the Upper Right Hand Corner of the Picture.)

will oftentimes discover means right at hand of solving the water problem for the crops as has Mr. Eben Fish, whose truck farm is near Cleveland, O.

A correspondent of the Ohio Farmer who has visited the place gives the following description of the irrigation plant, which will be interesting to our readers:

The first step in developing the irrigation plant was the construction of a dam across the small stream which flows through the west side of the farm. This formed a pond of about one half acre in extent and about ten feet in depth. This pond has always furnished an ample supply of water, even when the fields were being almost constantly sprinkled in very dry weather. The water is raised to the level of the fields above by a pump,



A Field of Celery Raised by Irrigation.

operated by a four-horse power gasoline engine; the pump throws two barrels of water a minute. As the engine requires but little attention, it can be kept running almost continually, and with the storage tanks, shown in one of our illustrations, is able to sprinkle 2,000 barrels of water on his growing crops in a day. The pump is located at the edge of the water; the engine part way up the bank, while the stand-pipe is up on the level of the fields above.

The stand pipe is made of 15-inch sewer pipe, joined together with cement, and is 16 feet high. Iron pipe, three inches in diameter, runs from

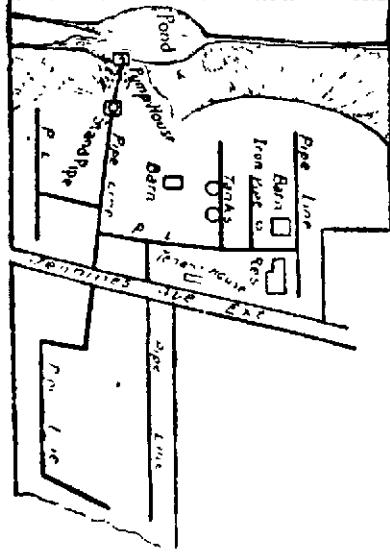


Diagram of the Irrigating System.

the pump to the stand-pipe; and the water is then conducted to the different parts of the fields by a line of four-inch sewer pipe, the section of the pipe being joined together with Portland cement in and around the joints, and laid in a trench two and one-half feet under ground, on an average. This work was done by Mr. Fish and a helper.

At intervals of about 50 feet along the pipe line, uprights three inches in

STALL FED POULTRY

BY
C. F. WILLARD

(Illustration of a poultry stall with chickens)

The importance of properly fed poultry is something that shows itself in dollars and cents when you come to market your fowls. While I speak of "stall-fed poultry" in order to convey to the mind the same idea as is generally known under the term "stall-fed cattle," yet to be more exact it should be named "cavate-fed poultry." It has been my fortune to stand in the market and see ranchers bring in Leghorn hens that had the ailment called "going light" and they would hardly weigh a pound and a half and were little larger than quail.

"While every one has his own idea as to the best fowls to raise, to my mind the Plymouth Rock is better than any of the others as they will lay when eggs are high and when you come to sell them you get something for them, usually more than enough to pay for their feed, leaving the eggs all clear profit.

If you wish to market your fowls it is always best to shut them up a week or two before marketing, so as to have them lay on flesh, and no better method can be devised to fatten them than by the crate-fed method. In order to do this successfully it is necessary that they should have the frame on which to put the flesh, and the Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes (although I prefer the Plymouth Rocks to the Wyandottes because they average a pound heavier) as well as the Asiatics and Orpingtons are the best for the purpose.

The average cost of crate-feeding a chicken is from seven to ten cents. When the chickens are crate-fed by the poultryman or farmer any mature member of the family can attend the chickens successfully. There is no expense for labor. One man can feed from 8,000 to 5,000 chickens in one lot, so that for feeding the labor cost is a small item in an extensive plant. It is not essential that high-priced grain be fed, as almost any ground grain can be utilized in formulating a profitable feeding ration. The best method is to have the crates built of laths or slats just wide enough apart to allow the chicken to get his head through and to have a trough movable on the outside in which to put the food, and when they have eaten all they eat at one meal (and give them an hour for their meals) take the trough down. Put water and grit in receptacles outside on the other side and keep the crate shaded and rather dark inside, but with plenty of light when you want them to eat. I have seen chickens and turkeys shut up in a dark place to fatten and then the owner wondered why they did not get fat when it was so dark they could not see to eat.

The ground in this orchard was literally covered by a network of runways made by the prairie mouse, and many of the runways extended below the surface for long distances.

It is to be carefully noted that the damage to this and other orchards in

SAVING ORCHARDS FROM THE MEADOW MOUSE

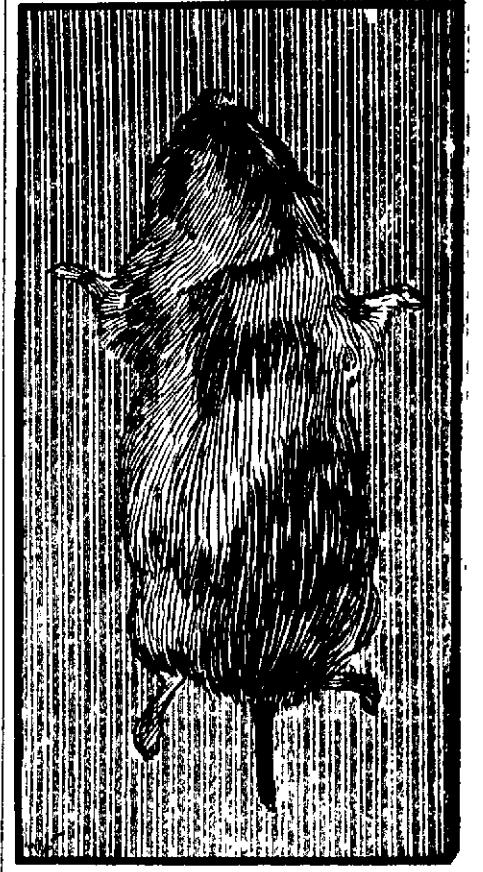
By D. E. Lantz, Assistant Biologist of the U. S. Biological Survey.

The writer has given considerable attention to methods of dealing with prairie meadow mice (*M. austera*). In December, 1903, he was called to Marion county, Kansas, to investigate an outbreak of these animals in orchards and in a large nursery. One orchard of 480 acres, containing about 26,000 apple trees, eight to ten years planted, was found to be badly infested. About 5,000 of the trees, worth over \$30,000, were badly damaged, many of them being completely girdled, and the bark eaten often as high as among the lower branches. Most of the damage was from mice, but in parts of the orchard rabbits also had been at work.

As an experiment, the writer placed some wheat poisoned with strichnine at the base of about 50 of the badly damaged trees. This was done late in the evening, and on the following morning a considerable number of dead meadow mice and white-footed mice were found.

The ground in this orchard was literally covered by a network of runways made by the prairie mouse, and many of the runways extended below the surface for long distances.

It is to be carefully noted that the damage to this and other orchards in



Pine Mouse.

(*Microtus Pinetorum Scalpsoides*)

with the result that many trees that had been almost completely girdled formed new bark and recovered. The orchard was again examined during the summer of 1905, and photographs of some of the trees obtained.

In the use of strichnine for poisoning field mice an ounce of strichnine sulphate is used to each half bushel of wheat. The strichnine is dissolved in a pint of hot water and a pint of heavy sugar syrup is added. The combined wheat and liquid are then stirred until every grain is wet, when the mass is allowed to stand in the mixing vessel for 12 or more hours before it is distributed.

To prevent all danger of poisoning grain-eating birds, twigs of apple trees as bait may be substituted for wheat. The twigs or sprouts, cut six to eight inches long, are dipped into the liquid poison, or the poison applied to them with a brush, and then sparingly scattered near the base of trees or at the mouth of mouse burrows, and along the paths frequented by rabbits. Both mice and rabbits eat the bark of the poisoned twigs freely.

Another excellent way of destroying mice with poison without endangering the lives of larger mammals and birds, is to introduce the poisoned bait into the middle of short pieces of drain pipe which have an internal diameter of about 1½ inches. The weeds made a complete cover for the mice, and the entire summer was moist and favorable to the increase of the latter. The fall and early winter were very mild, and all the damage to the trees by mice had been done in this open period and not under stress of severe weather.

During the cold weather that followed the extermination of the mice, rabbits renewed their attacks upon the trees. Many were killed by distributing pieces of apple into which



Apple Trees 5 Inches in Diameter, Girdled by Prairie Meadow Mice (*Microtus austera*).

(The Trees Were Saved by Heaving Up the Soil About the Trunks to Cover the Injury.)

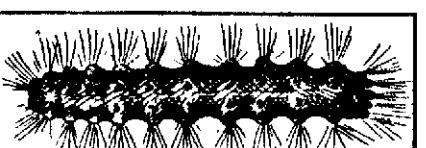
powdered strichnine had been inserted by means of a knife. As many as 20 dead rabbits were counted in single morning. While they were not entirely exterminated, the experiment demonstrated the efficacy of the method, especially in winter.

An exceptional circumstance in connection with these poisoning operations was that no dead birds were found in the orchard during their progress. Remarkable as it may seem short-eared owls, hawks, and crows fed freely upon the poisoned mice and rabbits without injury. Tree sparrows, juncos and quail were common, and it is strange that all should have

(2) The curtailment of the range of meadow mice by the drainage of swamps and the periodic plowing of grass lands for the rotation of crops.

(3) The destruction of weeds, trash, and litter of all kinds about farm premises, gardens and orchards, to prevent meadow mice from obtaining the winter shelter necessary to their survival.

(4) The burning of dead grass in meadows and pastures, to the same end. Care should be taken, however, not to burn the grass in late spring or early summer, when prairie chickens, quail and other birds that build on the ground are nesting.



The Gypsy Moths and Caterpillar.
(The Larger is the Female and the Smaller the Male Insect.)

cent introduction and, unlike the gypsy moth flies readily. It is not only a very destructive leaf feeder, but the barbed hairs of the caterpillars cause a very severe irritation upon the unprotected skin.

Give the Horse a Bath.—Did you ever give your horse a bath on a hot day? It is as much of a comfort to him to be clean and have the accumulation of sweat and dust washed off, as it is to yourself.

WEATHER FORECAST:
Tomorrow: Fair.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

TEMPERATURE TODAY:
At 3 p.m., 87 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1906

NUMBER 149

Getting Ready for Fall

We wish to announce to the trade that we are daily receiving all that is new in the coming season's styles in Dress Goods and the Dry Goods line generally. In fact we will be better prepared to attend to your wants in the line of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Etc. this season than ever before.

We Invite You to Our Store

We ask that you take a few minutes off while in town and look through our immense stock. You will be better prepared to trade then as you will have had a chance to inspect one of the largest Dry Goods stocks in the new state of Oklahoma

Remember the Big Cash Store will make your money go farther

SCOTT-HOARD CO.

"COTTON PICKERS" TO BE COLONIZED IN NEW STATE

With the Republicans of Blaine and Logan counties sending delegates to the Southern states to solicit negroes to come to Oklahoma, it gives the lie to the papers that have declared there is no danger from the negro in Oklahoma. The Republicans are trying to allay the fears of the people on the negro question while they are bending their efforts to do the very thing they say cannot be done.

While pretending they are seeking cotton pickers, delegations from the above named counties into the Southern states to induce negroes to come here at once. In Logan county the negro who will come in is guaranteed a place to live upon, which will be rented to him another year. The aim is to colonize the negro in Oklahoma. In Blaine county, two negroes, Green, of Lincoln township, and Burd, of Omega, Cedar Valley township, are going to Memphis, Tennessee, to bring back all the negroes they can induce to come.

Tom Ferguson, of Watonga, Blaine county, is the candidate for congress in the Second district. Colonizing the negro in Oklahoma is one of the favorite pastimes of the Republican candidate and ex-governor. He holds that the negro is on the same level with the white man, and in his home county he does more for the negro than for the whites. That he desires to strengthen the power of his machine with the negro vote, there is no doubt in the minds of those who know him well.

The carpetbaggers and corporations that dominate the party machinery at Guthrie are the same that have boosted the negro into office there, and it is this class that is willing to blacken the name of a political party, as well as ride over the white people, by shipping ignorant negroes to vote in the constitutional convention election under the scheme that is provided by the dis�icting board.

The whole plan is a deep laid plot on the part of the fellows who have held offices for years in the territories and who are determined to perpetuate their rule by any means. The throwing aside of those provisions of the election laws that guaranteed honest elections, the sending of emmissaries into the black belts to solicit negroes who can, under the construction of the laws by the election board, vote at the coming election, all prove the charges made against the corporations and carpet-

bagger office holders who have the election machinery in their grasp.

It is up to the people of Oklahoma, who believe in right and justice, regardless of party or creed, to fight for their liberties. A few hundred negro "cotton pickers" votes from the black belt properly distributed in the close districts will give the corporation tools

delegates to which they are not entitled. It might put the control of the convention in the hands of that element. If they control the constitutional convention, do you think they will not make everything as favorable as possible for the negro who decided the election?

This is a critical time in the lives of Oklahomans, for there is an element that is trying to cheat them out of a true expression on the choice of men and parties to write the constitution of the new state. Do honest Republicans sanction the importation of negroes to vote in this most important election? Investigate for yourselves and see whether or not these importations are being arranged for. And why do you think it is being done at this particular time?

In the Indian Territory the same tactics are being employed in the close districts, and it is important that the people be on the watch to protect themselves against the outrage.

150 Cotton Warehouse Charters Filed.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 13.—The cotton storage movement of the Farmers' Union of Texas has reached big proportions. More than 150 cotton warehouse charters have been filed in the secretary of state's office during the last several weeks, and they are still coming in at the rate of several a week. The object of these warehouses is to afford facilities for storing and holding cotton by the farmers at a cheap rate until prices have reached a point when it is deemed advisable by the managers of the movement for the product to be marketed. The Farmers' Union organization has also taught a large number of its members in the classing and sampling of cotton and the services of middlemen are to be done away with entirely in the marketing of the product.

My motto, "First-class work or no pay." K. C. 136 tf

EVANGELIST TRIMBLE SPEAKS ON THE SUBJECT "HOPE"

Evangelist Trimble's subject at the Christian church Wednesday night was "Hope." He handled the subject in a masterly manner and those who heard him were made better by it. He said: "Hope enters into our salvation, and becomes an element of it. We want the word of God as the foundation for our hope. We want His written promises. Is God's written word of any less value than His spoken word would be? Are our verbal promises more valuable than our written promises? God could have said to you in his audible voice, that your sins have been pardoned, but would that be better evidence than his written word?

"When God used his voice and spoke in audible language, there were some present who said it thundered.

"My friends our feelings are not always incontestable evidence of pardon. The only incontestable evidence of pardon is the word of the pardoning power. God has not commanded us to feel, and if he had we could not obey the command. But God, wanting us to feel has told us what to do. God has announced the conditions of pardon never fall."

and to these conditions are connected promises, and when we comply with conditions, the promises are ours.

"I do not undervalue emotions in religion, but I want you to have a more secure foundation for your hope. I want you to be able to say "hereby we know that we know him" for we keep his commandments." Let us do what God says in this life that hearts may overflow with hope. When we enter a forest at nightfall there is nothing there that delights us. We see strange objects dimly through the distance. The wind sweeps through the overhanging branches like the wail of woe and we long to escape from the dreadful place. But the moon arises in her queenly splendor and sheds her mid radiance over the scene. That scene so desolate, now as if by enchantment, becomes a scene of surpassing magnificence. The wind's sad sigh becomes a lofty hymn. The dew drops now sparkle like diamonds set in emeralds. And so it is when we have the assurance that comes from obedience. "If ye do these things ye shall never fall."

BRYAN BEGINS TOUR OF NEW STATE SEPT. 26

William Jennings Bryan will spend three nights and two days in Indian Territory and Oklahoma, beginning Wednesday night, September 26.

An itinerary is now being arranged, which will include stops at many of the important cities and towns in the new state.

To a representative of the Oklahoma Democratic campaign committee, who conferred with Mr. Bryan in St. Louis Tuesday, the distinguished statesman said:

"It matters not where they send me, or how much work I am asked to do. I have long wanted to come to Oklahoma and assist in the campaign.

"Even before the committee waited on me at New York upon my arrival home from abroad, I had hoped to find a way to come to Oklahoma before the fall election.

"All I shall expect of you Oklahomans is that you get me in Kansas City by 6 o'clock on the evening of September 29. I am going to open the Missouri campaign at Kansas City on that date, but will stay with you as long as I can safely do so and keep my Kansas City appointment."

School Enrollment.

President Broadfoot of the school-board stated to the News reporter that the present enrollment was 280 for the north school and 390 for the south school. Within a few days there will be a considerable increase in attendance.

Prayermeeting at the Baptist Church.

Failing for want of lights to hold prayermeeting at the Baptist church last night there will be services there tonight and a good attendance is desired.

See those large and beautiful portraits at Smith's. One given with every dozen of the best photos. 126 tf

Ladies' skirts and jackets cleaned, dyed and pressed at K. C. tailor shop. 136 tf

FOR RENT.—Good office rooms on Main street. Little Bros. 104 tf

Cupid flour at No. 17. Guaranteed the best. 95 tf

THE LANES BOUND OVER TO THE U. S. COURT

The preliminary trial of Robert Lane and wife, charged with conspiracy to commit murder, was concluded in United States Commissioner Winn's court Wednesday evening.

At its conclusion Judge Winn placed Mrs. Lane under \$500 bonds and Lane under \$3000 bonds for their appearance at the October term of court. Mrs. Lane was able to give bond, but up to a late hour her husband was not so fortunate and will be taken to Ardmore

tonight if the bond is not forthcoming. At the hearing it was observed that Lane was very much affected. He broke completely down and continually sobbed, while the young wife and mother scarcely showed a trace of feeling for the infant lying contentedly nursing a bottle in a stranger's arms.

She seemed utterly devoid of a mother's feelings, which probably can be accounted for by her simplicity and tender years.

BRYAN RECEIVES GREAT OVATION IN OLD KENTUCKY

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13.—The hospitality for which Kentucky is famous was very much in evidence at the reception of William Jennings Bryan Wednesday, a reception in which the entire South participated.

Special trains brought thousands of people to the city, and the crowds equalled even those of the homecoming week.

The committee which met Mr. Bryan was composed of the leading statesmen of the South, nearly all the governors

of Southern States participating in the welcome.

In his speech here Bryan sounded the keynote of the Democratic campaign in the South. Colonel Henry Watterson, editor of the Courier-Journal presided at the meeting and introduced Mr. Bryan in a brief speech.

The Nebraska statesman is in Cincinnati, where he is being given a rousing today greeting by the Ohio Democrats.

K. C. — Keep clean. 136 tf

Ramsey's Drug Store

For School Supplies, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Syringes, Water Bottles, Ice Caps, Rubber Gloves, Pocket Books, Purse, Paints and Oils, Glass, Putty, Agents for Eureka Springs Water, Eastman's Kodaks and Kodak Supplies, Phonographs and Gold Moulded Records.

G. M. Ramsey, Druggist

(Successor to Clark Drugg Co.)

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfactory Guaranteed.

Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

A Full Line of

May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some rare bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building. 12th and Broadway.

THE O. B. WEAVER FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY

Invites a share of your insurance patronage. It represents the strongest company in the world, and the many others represented are just as good. These companies all made a leading showing in the prompt payment of their Frisco losses. Correct rates assured.

R. O. WHEELER, MANAGER

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank

Capital and Surplus, \$63,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter.

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 24, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1893.

Advertising rates on application

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Subject to the action of the Democratic county primary election.

For Sheriff
ROBERT NESTER
A. A. (GUS) BOBBITT
L. E. (LEM) MITCHELL
MART WALSH
JAMES D. GAAR
J. D. (ED) FUSSELL

For County Clerk
C. A. (CHARLIE) POWERS
W. S. (SAM) KERR
H. WOODARD

For County Treasurer
J. C. CATES

For County Tax Assessor
C. C. HARGIS
W. H. NETTLES

Subject to the action of the Democratic district primary.

For Delegate to the Constitutional Convention
J. R. LAWRENCE
CARLTON WEAVER

CAMPBELL ATTACKS NEWSPAPERS

Last Saturday, Sept. 8th, the Democratic constitutional delegate campaign was opened before the Democratic club at Midland. The three candidates, J. R. Lawrence, W. H. L. Campbell and Carlton Weaver were present and made speeches.

W. H. L. Campbell, the News is informed, notified the Midland Democrats that they would not see the formal announcement of his candidacy in any of the newspapers of the district, the reason for which, Campbell stated, was that the newspapers had formed a trust to "hold up" candidates, and that it would cost him \$65 to secure a place for the office of delegate. Mr. Campbell Democratically declared that he was against the trusts, but he went further and gave notice that he was going to start the campaign right by going after the newspaper trust. When he had concluded his attack on the newspapers, Carlton Weaver, one of the candidates for the Democratic nomination, in substance replied that he desired in behalf of the press of the delegate district to state that Mr. Campbell's accusation was absolutely false and without foundation in fact.

Now the Ada News is very adverse to making an attack itself, its columns on Judge Cain, etc., nor would we sanction the harsh language used by Carlton Weaver in his emphatic denial made in behalf of the district press. Naturally the News is a little partial in this delegate contest, for which the public will not find fault, but we only have approval for a straight, fair campaign where merit based on the respective candidate's records and qualifications will win.

But aside from any consideration of favor of one candidate over another the News, as a member of the press of this delegate district, has been greatly slandered and deserves to emphatically tell what it thinks of Campbell's stand against the press of the district. There has never been, in any manner, the least understanding among the editors or publishers of this delegate district as to announcement charges. It may be that no paper in the district to this time has made the same charges for announcements. On the other hand, the News is reliably informed that one paper in the district has charged five dollars, another ten dollars, another eight dollars and still another has offered to announce a candidate from another town for nothing.

For a paper in the district would think for a moment of demanding that a candidate announce in all the papers before accepting, in its own behalf, an announcement. This is true, and he who says other states false. Therefore, the only question is whether it is right to charge candidates at all for announcements for office. The News will state its own case to the public and feels sure the same will hold good as to the other papers. If the three candidates for delegate should announce through the Daily and Weekly News, the total sum secured would be \$36. Even if all the candidates for county offices should announce through the paper, the total sum realized would not reasonably reach above \$300. One may ask how it is that you deservedly earn so much money? In the first place, it is legitimate earning if one gets value returned by getting his candidacy and platform before the people from whom he is asking support. In the second place, every true Democrat is always glad to pay for a medium through which he can straightforwardly tell the people for what he stands and how he

will protect their interests in the event they will elect him. When he does not do so, he insults the people and plainly appears to be trying to fool them. Unless the News is badly mistaken, the people of this delegate district want the candidates to write down in "black and white," over his name, and give it to the world, just what he believes and will advocate. No candidate has the right to tell the people in one community one thing and in another something else, and in town whisper something radically different; and, if elected, when he returns from the convention whine to his constituency that he was misunderstood—that they really had forgotten.

The principal and all sufficient reason why a candidate should pay a newspaper for announcement of candidacy is—the Democratic press is required to fight its party's battles and it must be through its intelligent treatment of the issues before the people that political success is attained. Why should not the man who gets the office, being he who gets both the honor and the money, help support the press, which has brought success to his party. One might inquire why the democratic press would not be satisfied without money to support the best political principles? It would, but our Democratic friends should remember that it costs a paper several hundred additional dollars to weather a campaign. One must buy more telegraphic news, cartoon service is required to be installed, more news matter must be printed and the issues properly before the people must be determined in their relative importance and discussed by the press that the intelligent reading public may arrive at the truth.

The News regrets that in fairness it could not meet Mr. Campbell's request and take his announcement at five cents per line. Twenty-five cents is too cheap for a paper to announce a candidate for delegate to the constitutional convention.

TOLD BY BAKERY WINDOWS

When They Contain But Little Show It Is an Indication of Good Business.

"He runs a bakery, I know that," said the broker's clerk, "but I don't know what kind of a trade he has."

"How do his bakeshop windows look?" asked the broker.

"Bare as a picked bone," said the clerk. "There isn't a thing in them except frilled paper, a couple of rolls tied up with red ribbon and a plate of cakes no thicker than a dime."

"Then the fellow is gilt-edged," said the broker. "He has first-class customers. Just show me a baker's windows and I can tell you nine times out of ten the quality of his trade."

"They present the appearance of having been struck by famine, he caters to rich folks—supplies them with lady-fingers and dainty wafers thin enough to see through. His customers don't need anything more substantial. Never afraid to make a deal with a baker who has starved looking windows; he is making money hand over fist. The fellow who makes a display of whole pies and cakes and real loaves of bread is not so well to do. His customers are second and third class. They like to eat and don't care who knows it, and the baker finds it to his advantage to advertise his wares. But it is the baker who caters to the common people who knows how to get up a window that makes your mouth water. The pies he makes are big as cart wheels, his cakes are seven layers thick, his slabs of apple roll are coated with every known kind of spice and his sinkers are stuffed with real jelly."

Another is the "Korean cab," which is nothing more than an improvement on the clumsy Chinese wheelbarrow with its single wheel, familiar as a passenger vehicle in all Chinese cities. The "Korean cab" has a single wheel fitted with a pneumatic tire, and seats one passenger, the seat being placed high over the wheel. Coalies in front and behind balance and propel it, and the vehicle is capable of good speed.

When the Yankee rikisha was introduced on the west coast of Africa, it was so much lighter than the vehicle previously known that the first Zulu who drew one presently stopped, lifted the vehicle and its passenger to his head, and wanted to carry it that was being easier. American wheelbarrow were introduced about the same time and a contractor who supplied them to his Fanti laborers, returning in two hours, found them all being used water-bar fashion.

Bond Election.
[Notice of Special Election.]

Notice is hereby given that a Special Election by the voters of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, who are qualified electors owning real or personal property subject to taxation in the said City of Ada, Indian Territory, has been called by the mayor and city council of Ada, Indian Territory, and will be held at the mayor's office in Ward No. 1, and at John Beard's building on Broadway in Ward No. 2, and at the United States commissioner's office in Ward No. 3, and at the John Barringer building on Townsend avenue between Main and Twelfth street in Ward No. 4, of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and sunset of same day, as follows:

To vote on the proposition of issuing Forty Thousand Dollars in bonds of said City of Ada, Indian Territory; the terms and conditions of the bond issue is more particularly described and set forth in the resolution of the city council of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, passed on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1906, and herewith published at length as a part of this notice:

RESOLUTION. Concerning the issuing of bonds of the city of Ada, Indian territory. Good cause appearing it is deemed advisable by the Mayor and City Council of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, to issue bonds for the following purpose, to-wit:

For the construction of additional waterworks; and, whereas under the provisions of Section 55 of Supplemental Agreement between the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nation and United States (32 Stat. 641); putting in force the "Laws in force in the organized Territories of the United States" (30 Stat. 252) and under the limitations of the General Bond Act approved May

SUPPLEMENT TO PLATFORM.

Carlton Weaver Adds to His Declaration of Principles.

CORPORATION TAX.

If I should be elected to the Constitutional Convention, I would advocate a provision levying a one per centum tax on all corporation earnings. Corporations are the creatures of the state and their charters should include a tax provision.

CAMPAIGN FUNDS.

I would advocate that it be made an offense punishable by imprisonment for a corporation to contribute to a campaign fund, also a provision demanding publicity of campaign contributions.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

I would favor and advocate a state agricultural department. Well equipped agricultural schools and experimental stations should be maintained by the state. Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, Kansas and Texas have made farming doubly profitable by maintaining state agricultural departments. Better farming methods are discovered and taught, and a subsequent increase in returns from the soil results.

CARLTON WEAVER.

NEW JERSEY 'RICKISHAS.'

Vehicle of Yankee Make Has Invaded the Orient with Good Results.

That characteristic vehicle of the orient, the jinrikisha, is drawn by a yellow coolie in Japan, a brown Hind in India, a black Zulu in South Africa; but look between the shafts of the rikisha in any of these countries, and you will probably find the same name plate—that of a vehicle manufacturer in New Jersey. The Yankee jinrikisha has invaded the east, and its invader promises to result in a permanent occupation of countries where cheap labor would seem to forbid sales of American goods.

The Yankee rikisha manufacturer competes on prices first. He sells vehicles as good as the native product as low as \$16 and no higher than \$40. American factory methods permit turning them out in large numbers on the duplicate system. He also competes in quality, making jinrikishas with ball bearings, bicycle wheels and cushion tires at \$30.

Different types of rikisha are made for different countries. The vehicle is common in Lagos, Ceylon, and many other localities, each of which has its preferences in the way of weight, height, hoods, bells, lamps, colors, curtains. The New Jersey factory also supplies the "ponse-ponse" used in Madagascar. It is a variety of jinrikisha with hood and air springs.

Another is the "Korean cab," which is nothing more than an improvement on the clumsy Chinese wheelbarrow with its single wheel, familiar as a passenger vehicle in all Chinese cities. The "Korean cab" has a single wheel fitted with a pneumatic tire, and seats one passenger, the seat being placed high over the wheel. Coalies in front and behind balance and propel it, and the vehicle is capable of good speed.

When the Yankee rikisha was introduced on the west coast of Africa, it was so much lighter than the vehicle previously known that the first Zulu who drew one presently stopped, lifted the vehicle and its passenger to his head, and wanted to carry it that was being easier. American wheelbarrow were introduced about the same time and a contractor who supplied them to his Fanti laborers, returning in two hours, found them all being used water-bar fashion.

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19, 1902, (38 Stat. 200), the Mayor and City Council of said city are required first to submit the question of the issuance of said bonds to the qualified electors of said city who are owners of real estate or personal property, in said city, subject to taxation, to be by them voted upon.

Therefore, be it resolved by the City Council of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, that the Mayor of the said city of Ada, Indian Territory, submit the following proposition to the qualified electors owning real or personal property subject to taxation, in the said city of Ada, Indian Territory, to be by them voted upon, at an election to be held for that purpose, in Ada, Indian Territory, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906.

Shall the bonds of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, be issued for the following purpose and upon the following conditions, namely: in the sum of Forty Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of constructing additional waterworks for public and private use, in the said city of Ada, Indian Territory, said bonds hereinbefore named to be issued in the principal sum of Forty Thousand Dollars and in denominations of One Thousand Dollars each, and to be numbered from thirty-one upwards, and to be known as Waterworks Bonds of the City of Ada, Indian Territory. The principal sum of said bonds to be paid in twenty years from the date of their issue in lawful money of the United States, to bear interest in like lawfully money of the United States from the date of their issue, interest payable semi-annually at the rate of five per cent per annum; such bonds shall contain all necessary and usual provisions expressing the contract; shall be signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, who shall keep a proper record of such bonds; that none of said bonds shall be sold at less than their par value; that the 8th day of October, A. D. 1906, be and the same is, designated and set apart as the day upon which the question of the issuance of the bonds hereinbefore specified shall be voted upon by the qualified electors of said city of Ada, Indian Territory, who are owners of real or personal property subject to taxation in said city of Ada, Indian Territory; that it is further resolved that a notice of the said election be signed by the Mayor and Recorder of the city of Ada, Indian Territory; in their official capacity specifying time and places of holding said election and set forth this resolution; said notice to be published in the Ada Weekly News, a newspaper of general circulation published in said city of Ada, Indian Territory, for thirty days prior to said 8th day of October, A. D. 1906.

And be it further Resolved: That the election be held on said 8th day of October, A. D. 1906, between the hours of eight o'clock a. m. and sunset of the same day, at such place in each ward as shall be designated by the notice of said election published by the said Mayor and Recorder of the said City of Ada, Indian Territory; and said election be conducted by election officers, consisting of judges and clerks appointed by one of the judges of the United States District court in the Indian Territory within and for the Southern district thereof.

And be it further Resolved: That the electors of said City of Ada, Indian Territory, owning either real or personal property subject to taxation in said City of Ada, Indian Territory, shall vote at said election by ballot, upon which shall be printed the following words: "Bond election for additional waterworks, Ada, Indian Territory." For issuing bonds of the City of Ada, Indian Territory, in the sum of Forty Thousand Dollars for the purpose of constructing additional waterworks in said city. (Yes) or (No). If in favor of bond issue scratch the word "No"; if opposed to the bond issue, scratch the word "Yes."

That the election shall be conducted in the usual manner prescribed by law and the votes shall be counted, canvassed and returned as provided by law; that it is further resolved that said city of Ada, Indian Territory, after incurring the indebtedness, by virtue of the issuance of said bonds shall by ordinance, which shall be irrepealable, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said bonds as the same shall fall due and also to provide a sufficient sinking fund to discharge the principal thereof within twenty years from date of said bonds.

Approved, J. P. WOOD, Mayor.
Attest, JESSE WARREN, Recorder.

Passed and approved the 3rd day of September, 1906.

Published the 6th day of September, 1906.

I, Jesse Warren, the duly elected and acting Recorder of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing resolution was passed and adopted by the City Council of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, at their meeting on the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1906.

JESSE WARREN, Recorder.

In witness whereof, the said Mayor and Recorder of the city of Ada, Indian Territory, hereunto set our hands and official seals this, the 5th day of September, A. D. 1906.

J. P. WOOD, Mayor.
JESSE WARREN, Recorder.

THE SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars

Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

LOCAL NEWS

G. W. Cox is reported ill.
Mrs. G. F. Johnson is sick.
Heinz sweet or sour pickles 10c doz.
Phone 70. 133-tf
Attorney Cart returned to Stonewall today.
The little child of Nip Curry and wife is quite sick.
American Beauty corsets. All the latest styles \$1. to \$3.50.
148-2t Cox-Greer Dry Goods Co.

Miss Fannie Cook went to Dustin, I. T., on a visit.

Mrs. A. M. McKoy is reported some better today.

Jas. M. Walsh sells for cash only. 133-tf

Mrs. C. M. Chauncey is reported not so well today.

Mrs. Lula Shields and son of Roff were in the city today.

Heinz pure cider vinegar 10c Qt. Phone 0. 133-tf

A. J. McLaughlin was here from Oklahoma City today.

Mr. Tucker, of Ardmore, was transacting business in our city today.

Walsh handles the White Swan canned goods. Phone 17. 95-tf

Sa'n Baily, of Wewoka, formerly a resident of Ada is in the city.

Little Sudie Moss, daughter of Sol Moss and wife is quite sick with fever.

Try the cash system and see what you save. Phone 70. 133-tf

W. R. Patterson, of Memphis, Tenn., was a business visitor in our city today.

If you want the White Swan canned goods, phone us. M. L. Walsh. 95-tf Messers Stanfield, Swaffar and Pete Hollow went to Stonewall today on business.

W. W. Brown, route agent of the Wells-Fargo Express Co., spent the night in Ada.

FOR RENT: Two furnished bedrooms, centrally located. Mrs. C. W. Barnett. 147-2t

W. T. Stover, of Allen, formerly of Ada, brought his son to town for medical treatment.

Geo. Thompson and wife of South Ada, left this morning for a visit to Sherman, Texas.

A 10x16 portrait given with every dozen of the best photographs. P. K. Smith. 125-tf

Mrs. A. H. Chapman and both children are reported ill. One of the children has pneumonia.

Mrs. McClure, of Pauls Valley, is quite sick at the home of her sister, Mrs. Gardner, in North Ada.

M. L. Walsh will furnish you with the White Swan brand. Phone 17. 95-tf

Sid Tolbert went to Roff Wednesday evening to attend a Democratic rally. He reports a fine meeting.

Mrs. Robert Gunter came in from Holdenville this morning to visit with R. O. Lawrence and family.

Get your cold drinks and confectionaries at Evan's neatly furnished ice cream parlor. 112-tf

The members of the XXth Century club are requested to meet at the office of E. W. Hardin Saturday afternoon at the hour of 4 o'clock for the purpose of holding a business session.

Mrs. Tom Hope, President

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

Change of Name Contest.	
Following is the total of votes cast on changing the name of Ada:	
For Change of Name	64
Against Change of Name	78
VOTE FOR NEW NAMES.	
Frisco City	29
Winona City	17
Portland	8
Grenada	2
Oceta	1
Carlton	1
Chickma	1
Hamilton	1
Mountolive	1
Laurada	1
W. L. Byrd, W. W. Rader, A. M. Croxton, judges.	

H. R. Mayreis, cashier of the Frisco, is taking a six weeks' lay off. He is relieved by J. C. Parks, of Holdenville. J. W. Bolin, B. C. King, Robert Wimbush, Duke Stone, Carlton Weaver, C. W. Black and Homer Williams attended a Democratic rally near Blackburn's gin Wednesday night. They report a good time and a good meeting, also some fine speeches, especially the one made by J. W. Bolin. They report one of the best organized clubs in the district at that place.

Stetson Hats \$1.

For a week only you can get your Stetson made new at Nash's Tailor Shop for \$1. Derby 50c to \$1.25. Have your Panama cleaned now. 148-6tw2t-2

Cotton Warehouse Burns.

City of Mexico, Sept. 13.—Tuesday night a fierce fire broke out in the cotton warehouse known as the Almacen General, in the warehouse district of Santiago, a suburb of this city.

The flames were communicated to the neighboring warehouses. The losses will aggregate \$300,000.

The Breath of Life.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs means powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study. Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by Dr. F. Z. Holley and G. M. Ramsey, druggists. Price 50c and \$1.00. Phone 70 for anything in Heinz goods. 133-tf

J. H. Shell and wife, who have been prospecting in our city a few days, left this morning for their home at McKinney, Texas.

L. E. Martells came in from Luxora, Ark., to make his home with Mr. Duffal. Mr. Martells raised Mr. Duffal from a boy to manhood.

Better have that overcoat cleaned at the K. C. tailor shop. 138-tf

Mrs. M. O. Klemury, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Henry Kroth, and family for some time, left this morning for her home at Weleetka.

Mt. Milton and wife, also Mrs. Milton's mother, Mrs. Higeton, came in from Sulphur this morning on their way to Konawa.

We guarantee our Cupid Hour. No. 17. Walsh. 95-tf

Gardner Green and family came in this morning from Northern Arkansas, and will make Ada their home. Mr. Green is a brother-in-law of M. L. Sawyer.

Mrs. Chas. Chestnut, of Sherman, Texas, is visiting friends in Ada. Mr. Chestnut will be remembered as section foreman of the Frisco for a number of years.

The very latest styles are produced in the American Beauty corsets. Let us show you Cox-Greer Dry Goods Co. 148-2t

Dr. Martin went to the country Tuesday afternoon to see a patient, the heavy rain came and he was not able to get home until today on account of high waters.

FOR SALE— Farm 5 miles north of Ada. Will sell on reasonable terms with a small amount down. W. J. Reed. 149-2t

Mrs. Bertha Agee came in from Hickory this morning, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Baker, of Asher, Ok., who has been visiting her for some time and is on her way home.

Mrs. A. R. Caldwell and daughter, Ruth, also Mrs. Caldwell's father, A. B. Brownson, who have been visiting their daughter and sister, Mrs. A. A. Lyda, on West Sixteenth street, left this morning for Bonham and Commerce, Texas, their respective homes.

Program A. Y. M. B. S.

Sunday, Sept. 16, services will be held at the First Presbyterian church at 2:30 p. m., as follows:

Song.

Opening prayer.

Roll call.

Lesson—Fifth and sixth chapters of Nehemiah.

Discussion.

Business; committee appointments.

Prayer.

Song.

Second Timothy, II, 15.

All men and boys are cordially invited to attend these services.

To Candidates.

The News will print you a soliciting card that guarantees a pleasant introduction.

7200 Bottles in Four Months.

Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure has gained favor with the trade more rapidly than any other Chill Tonic. We have sold nearly 50 gross in four months.—Schuh Drug Co., Wholesale Druggists, Cairo, Ill. Sold on a signed guaranty by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

Warning Order.

In the United States Court in the Indian Territory, Southern District: Josie Mauldin, Plaintiff, vs. Joe Mauldin, Defendant, No. 822.

The defendant Joe Mauldin is warned to appear in this Court in thirty days and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, Josie Mauldin.

Witness the Hon. J. T. Dickerson, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 22nd day of August, 1906.

[SEAL] C. M. CAMPBELL, Clerk.
By A. H. CONSTANT, Deputy.
Galbraith and McKeown, Attorneys.
Attorney for non-resident: W. C. Edwards.

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

LOANS

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.
W. H. EBNEY, Pres. and Manager,
ADA, IND. TER.

'SWEETNING'

Is an attractive word, but here are a few prices on on "sweetning" that will attract the attention of every housewife in Ada.

East Texas Ribbon Cane per gallon..... 65c

Louisiana Ribbon Cane, per gallon..... 70c

P & F Cero Debatterie, per gallon..... 65c

Evangeline, per gallon..... 65c

Maple..... \$1.25

Home Made Sorghum, per gallon..... 50c

Honey Drips (Corn Syrup) per gallon..... 40c

Don't forget us when you get hungry.

Jones Bros.

Successors to Jones & Meaders



Eyes Tested and Glasses Fitted
C.J. Warren, Optician

FURMAN & CROXTON

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice. Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith **Tom D. McKeown**
GALBRAITH & MCKEOWN
LAWYERS

Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

DR. CORDELIA FOUTZ
OSTEOPATH

Office and Residence at M. M. Sander's home on South Broadway. Phone 245.

ADA, IND. TER.

Geo. A. Truitt,
Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to All Work Entrusted.

Better Than Any Other.

Cuero, Tex., May 23, 1905.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. We have been selling your Chill Cure for four years and it gives better general results than any Chill Tonic we have ever sold." —Cuero Drug Co. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

R. O. WHEELER.

I respectfully notify the public that I have accepted a position with the O. B. Weaver Fire Insurance agency and I earnestly solicit on behalf of this substantial fire agency the insurance patronage of my friends. The strongest company in the world and others just as safe are represented by this agency.

R. O. WHEELER.

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.

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C. L. HICKEY.

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AN EFFECTIVE HOME-MADE IRRIGATION PLANT

How an Ohio Truck Farmer Has Solved the Problem of Sure Crops.

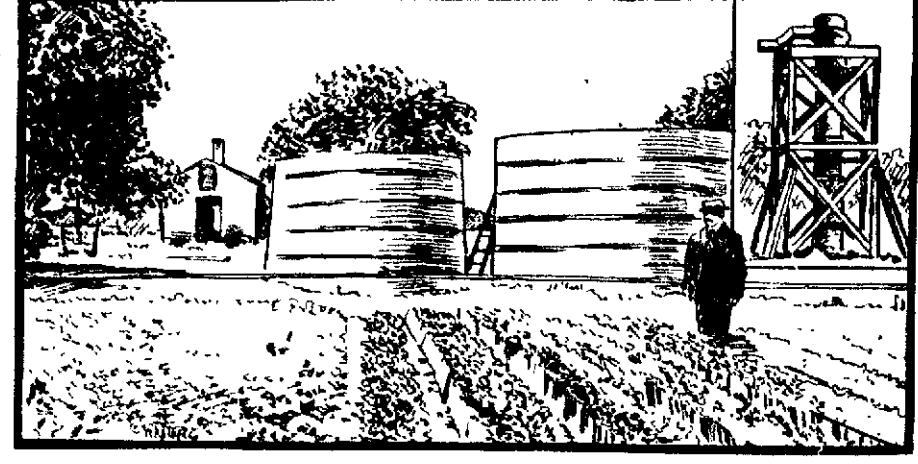
Make sure of your water and your crops will not fail you. Nobody realizes this more than the grower of garden truck for the market. His success depends on rapid, sure growth in order to be ready for the larger profits of early marketing. To secure this, he must bring within his control the water supply for his crops.

One man in Ohio has done this in a novel way, utilizing the natural resources of his land. He has put a harness on nature and is reaping rich returns. Not all farmers, of course, would find conditions on their farms such as to make irrigation possible, but a little ingenuity and lots of pluck

diameter are placed and extend about five inches above the ground, to which may be attached the sprinkling hose. When not in use the opening is made water-tight by a round wooden lid and rubber ring, which fits into the flange of the pipe and is held in place by an iron clamp and screw, invented for the purpose by Mr. Fish. It requires but a moment to attach the hose to one of these uprights, and it can be done without turning off the water.

There is about 5,000 feet of this pipe line, and it is so placed that every part of the field can be reached with the hose attached to it.

In the matter of hose Mr. Fish has



The Storage Tanks.

(The Stand Pipe is shown in the Upper Right Hand Corner of the Picture.)

will oftentimes discover means right at hand of solving the water problem for the crops as has Mr. Eben Fish, whose truck farm is near Cleveland, O.

A correspondent of the Ohio Farmer who has visited the place gives the following description of the irrigation plant, which will be interesting to our readers:

The first step in developing the irrigation plant was the construction of a dam across the small stream which flows through the west side of the farm. This formed a pond of about one half acre in extent and about ten feet in depth. This pond has always furnished an ample supply of water, even when the fields were being almost constantly sprinkled in very dry weather. The water is raised to the level of the fields above by a pump.



A Field of Celery Raised by Irrigation.

operated by a four-horse power gasoline engine; the pump throws two barrels of water a minute. As the engine requires but little attention, it can be kept running almost continually, and with the storage tanks, shown in one of our illustrations, is able to sprinkle 2,000 barrels of water on his growing crops in a day. The pump is located at the edge of the water; the engine part way up the bank, while the stand-pipe is up on the level of the fields above.

The stand pipe is made of 15-inch sewer pipe, joined together with cement, and is 16 feet high. Iron pipe, three inches in diameter, runs from

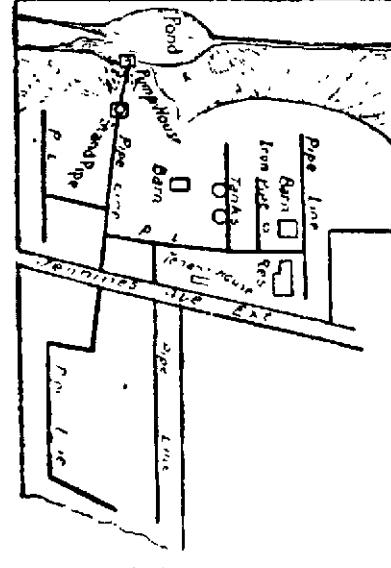


Diagram of the Irrigating System.

the pump to the stand-pipe; and the water is then conducted to the different parts of the fields by a line of four-inch sewer pipe, the section of the pipe being joined together with Portland cement in and around the joints, and laid in a trench two and one-half feet under ground, on an average. This work was done by Mr. Fish and a helper.

At intervals of about 50 feet along

when he footed up his sales in the fall he found that he had sold \$1,300 worth of cauliflower from this field. That was the season in which irrigation paid.

One of our illustrations shows part of the celery field, which the past season was about one acre in extent.

Mr. Fish considers celery about the best paying crop to grow, if one is fixed to grow it, and is in touch with a good market.

We show a sketch of the large reservoir tanks. These will hold about 850 barrels of water, and make it possible to pump when convenient, and to have a good store of water on hand when needed.

Look After the Grindstone.—The lively quickstep of haying time is all over now. Seems as if there wasn't anything more to do. But perhaps there is. There's the grindstone, for instance. Been used all summer; awfully out of order. Let's "true it" by placing a solid iron rest close to the stone, level with the axle. Then take a quarter-inch, soft iron rod, and hold the end against the revolving stone. The iron will cut into the stone to a sufficient depth to remove all higher places, and thus make the stone true. Then it will be ready for any emergency, and work well.

Burning the Wheat Crop.—The burning of the entire wheat crop of the state of Washington this year as means of exterminating the Hessian fly, which has made its appearance, is recommended by Entomologist Melander of the state agricultural college, who says it would be better to lose one crop than to see the insect gain a foothold in the state and destroy a large percentage of all succeeding crops.

Philippine Tobacco.—During the calendar year of 1905 tobacco to the value of \$2,281,703 was exported from the Philippine Islands. Spain was the largest taker of leaf tobacco, Hong Kong of cigars and cigarettes.

STALL FED POULTRY

BY
C. F. WILLARD



The importance of properly fed poultry is something that shows itself in dollars and cents when you come to market your fowls. While I speak of "stall-fed poultry" in order to convey to the mind the same idea as is generally known under the term "stall-fed cattle," yet to be more exact it should be named "crate-fed poultry." It has been my fortune to stand in the market and see ranchers bring in Leghorn hens that had the ailment called "going light" and they would hardly weigh a pound and a half and were little larger than quail.

"While every one has his own idea as to the best fowls to raise, to my mind the Plymouth Rock is better than any of the others as they will lay when eggs are high and when you come to sell them you get something for them, usually more than enough to pay for their feed, leaving the eggs all clear profit.

Gypsy Moth Speeding Westward by Automobile

Westward the gypsy moth takes its way. It has caused millions of dollars worth of damage in Massachusetts, has escaped to New Hampshire and Connecticut, and now the invasion is turning toward New York state.

This interesting information is conveyed in a letter of warning just issued by E. P. Felt, state entomologist of New York, who also asks inhabitants

if you wish to market your fowls it is always best to shut them up a week or two before marketing, so as to have them lay on flesh, and no better method can be devised to fatten them than by the crate-fed method. In order to do this successfully it is necessary that they should have the frame on which to put the flesh, and the Plymouth Rocks and Wyandottes (although I prefer the Plymouth Rocks to the Wyandottes because they average a pound heavier) as well as the Asiatics and Orpingtons are the best for the purpose.

The average cost of crate-feeding a chicken is from seven to ten cents. When the chickens are crate-fed by the poultryman or farmer any mature member of the family can attend the chickens successfully. There is no expense for labor. One man can feed from 3,000 to 5,000 chickens in one lot, so that for feeding the labor cost is a small item in an extensive plant. It is not essential that high-priced grain be fed, as almost any ground grain can be utilized in formulating a profitable feeding ration. The best method is to have the crates built of laths or slats just wide enough apart to allow the chicken to get his head through and to have a trough movable on the outside in which to put the food, and when they have eaten all they eat at one meal (and give them an hour for their meals) take the trough down. Put water and grit in receptacles outside on the other side and keep the crate shaded and rather dark inside, but with plenty of light when you want them to eat. I have seen chickens and turkeys shut up in a dark place to fatten and then the owner wondered why they did not get fat when it was so dark they could not see to eat.

As an experiment, the writer placed some wheat poisoned with strichnine at the base of about 50 of the badly damaged trees. This was done late in the evening, and on the following morning a considerable number of dead meadow mice and white-footed mice were found.

The ground in this orchard was literally covered by a network of runways made by the prairie mouse, and many of the runways extended below the surface for long distances. It is to be carefully noted that the damage to this and other orchards in

SAVING ORCHARDS FROM THE MEADOW MOUSE

By D. E. Lantz, Assistant Biologist of the U. S. Biological Survey.

The writer has given considerable attention to methods of dealing with prairie meadow mice (*M. austera*). In December, 1903, he was called to Marion county, Kansas, to investigate an outbreak of these animals in orchards and in a large nursery. One orchard of 480 acres, containing about 26,000 apple trees, eight to ten years planted, was found to be badly infested. About 5,000 of the trees, worth over \$30,000, were badly damaged, many of them being completely girdled, and the bark eaten often as high as among the lower branches. Most of the damage was from mice, but in parts of the orchard rabbits also had been at work.

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Pine Mouse.

(*Microtus Pinetorum Scalpsoides*)

with the result that many trees that had been almost completely girdled formed new bark and recovered. The orchard was again examined during the summer of 1905, and photographs of some of the trees obtained.

In the use of strichnine for poisoning field mice an ounce of strichnine sulphate is used to each half bushel of wheat. The strichnine is dissolved in a pint of hot water and a pint of heavy sugar syrup is added. The combined wheat and liquid are then stirred until every grain is wet, when the mass is allowed to stand in the mixing vessel for 12 or more hours before it is distributed.

To prevent all danger of poisoning grain-eating birds, twigs of apple trees as bait may be substituted for wheat. The twigs or sprouts, cut six to eight inches long, are dipped into the liquid poison, or the poison applied to them with a brush, and then sparingly scattered near the base of trees or at the mouth of mouse burrows, and along the paths frequented by rabbits. Both mice and rabbits eat the bark of the poisoned twigs freely.

Another excellent way of destroying mice with poison without endangering the lives of larger mammals and birds, is to introduce the poisoned bait into the middle of short pieces of drain pipe which have an internal diameter of about 1½ inches. The pipes are then laid on the ground near the burrows of the mice. To prevent displacement of the bait, it may be put into the pipes after they are in position. Meadow mice readily enter these drains and find the bait. Oatmeal made into a paste is the most convenient bait to use.

Among the more preventive measures are:

(1) The preservation, both by legislation and individual cooperation, of the natural enemies of mice.



Apple Trees 5 Inches in Diameter, Girdled by Prairie Meadow Mice (*Micromys austera*).

(The Trees Were Saved by Heaping Up the Soil About the Trunks to Cover the Injury.)

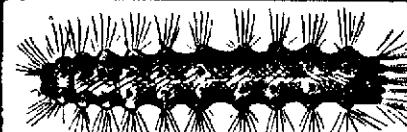
powdered strichnine had been inserted by means of a knife. As many as 20 dead rabbits were counted in a single morning. While they were not entirely exterminated, the experiment demonstrated the efficacy of the method, especially in winter.

An exceptional circumstance in connection with these poisoning operations was that no dead birds were found in the orchard during their progress. Remarkable as it may seem short-eared owls, hawks, and crows fed freely upon the poisoned mice and rabbits without injury. Tree sparrows, juncos and quail were common, and it is strange that all should have

(2) The curtailment of the range of meadow mice by the drainage of swamps and the periodic plowing of grass lands for the rotation of crops.

(3) The destruction of weeds, trash, and litter of all kinds about farm premises, gardens and orchards, to prevent meadow mice from obtaining the winter shelter necessary to their survival.

(4) The burning of dead grass in meadows and pastures, to the same end. Care should be taken, however, not to burn the grass in late spring or early summer, when prairie chickens, quail and other birds that build on the ground are nesting.



The Gypsy Moths and Caterpillar.
(The Larger is the Female and the Smaller the Male Insect.)

cent introduction and, unlike the gypsy moth flies readily. It is not only a very destructive leaf feeder, but the barbed hairs of the caterpillars cause a very severe irritation upon the unprotected skin.

Give the Horse a Bath.—Did you ever give your horse a bath on a hot day? It is as much of a comfort to him to be clean and have the accumulation of sweat and dust washed off, as it is to yourself.